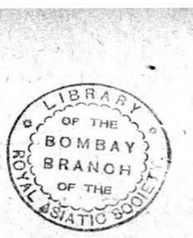
Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.



NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 55,138—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Dates of Sailing, 3-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
17th Sept.	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
24th „	PERSIA	7951	....	...
1st Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9631
8th „	ARABIA	7903	....	...
15th „	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
22nd „	EGYPT	7912	....	...
29th „	MANTUA	10883	....	...
5th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898	....	...
12th „	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th „	MARMORA	10809	....	...
26th „	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th „	ARABIA	7903	....	...
4th March	MALWA	10883	....	...
11th „	EGYPT	7912	....	...
18th „	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
25th „	ARCADIA	7900	....	...
1st April	PERSIA	7951	....	...
8th „	MARMORA	10509	....	...
15th „	CALEDONIA	7598	....	...
22nd „	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
29th „	MANTUA	10885	....	...
6th May	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
13th „	ARABIA	7903	....	...
20th „	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
27th „	EGYPT	7912	....	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,

At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 499 or Rs. 594	Rs. 765 or Rs. 891
To London by Steamer	Rs. 525 or Rs. 647	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

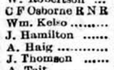
BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.



REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Sept. 1910
Olympia	5124	W. Robertson	30th „ „
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Oct. „
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th „ „
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. „
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th „ „
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	15th Dec. „
Olympia	5124	A. Tait	29th „ „
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	16th Jan. 1911
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th „ „
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb „

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. „
Olympia	5124	A. Tait	26th „ „
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl. „
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th „ „
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	8th May „
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	23rd „ „
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June „

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	974
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dwarka	1695	Thurs.	15th Sept.	9 a.m.	C. Mandvi
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	16th „	6 a.m.	* direct,
Linga	2171	Mon.	19th „	11 a.m.	†PD&CM

* Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
† Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA" 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 15th Sept. sailing (for mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Mussite, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "GOALPARA," 3,147 tons, on Monday, 19th Sept. calling at Karachi, rasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

A Steamer sailing on or about the 24th September.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

13th September, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
NERA	5,538	Casanova	4th Oct.
CALEDONIEN	X	X	27th Oct.
ARMAND BEHIC	4,120	Lafont	24th Nov.
AUSTRALIEN	6,385	X	22nd Dec. 1911.
SALAZIE	6,365	X	19th Jan. „
SYDNEY	4,147	Biquier	16th Feb. „
DUMBEA	4,118	Costa	16th Mar. „
POLYNESIEN	5,869	Rebufat	13th Apl. „
AUSTRALIEN	4,363	X	11th May „
	6,365	X	8th June „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels:	Tons.	Captains:	To Sail on or about
Armand Behic	6,385...	X	7th Oct. 1910.
Australien	6,385...	X	4th Nov.

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDEZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Dco Baldaino	4,580	D. Magnanzine	15th Sept. 1910
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Oct. „
D. Baldnino	4,580	G. Ronchi	15th Nov. „

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 360	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728 ; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1910
Capri	6,000	D. Morosco	16th Oct. „
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. „

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 o.....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER. MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld"

11 Gold Medals awarded.

Number of inventions patented.

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,

FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,

LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM :—

HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200 000

HEAD OFFICE

9, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M. States.	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world ; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE ; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT ; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34,

J. S. BRUCE,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Acting Agent.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Fcs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)

CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS :—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quartor of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Papar, and other Stocks Casued for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

S. KISSEL,
Acting Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE :

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	„ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	„ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS :

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khatau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS,

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security,

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon ; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager

THE STRIKING CHANGE OF PUBLIC TASTE IN JEWELRY

IS COMMENSURATELY MET

BY

AN UP-TO-DATE AND ATTRACTIVE SELECTION OF

NEW JEWELRY.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

BOMBAY & POONA.

B. O. C. LUBRICANTS.

SPINDLE OILS.	GINNING OILS.
ENGINE OILS.	MOTOR OILS.
CYLINDER OILS.	MINERAL GREASES.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

Agents :—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

J. B. ORR'S "ZINGESSOL" PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT, Manufactured by JOHN B. ORR, F.C.S., is unrivalled as an artistic and permanent decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for decorating Government House 1890, also the High Commissioner Lord Milner 1903, H. E. Viscount Africa.

WM. CHS. SMITH,
FROM LONDON.

PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR,
Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c.
Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F.C.S.

ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE
AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC
Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.

Coloured Card and Book on Application.
OFFICE : 17-19, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, Opposite the Oriental Buildings.
ESTIMATES GIVEN

"ZINGESSOL," is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

ELIXIR CHINA CALISAIA.

GRAND PRIX and GOLD MEDAL at the Lyons International Exhibition, 1902 ; MEMBER of the JURY and HORS CONCORS at the Marseilles International Exhibition, 1901 ; GRAND PRIX and GOLD MEDAL at the Bordeaux International Exhibition, 1902 ; GOLD MEDAL at the Rome Exhibition, 1902 ; GOLD MEDAL at the Perugia Exhibition, 1901.

For those suffering from the effects of MALARIAL FEVER and in need of a Tonic, they could not do better than use THE ELIXIR CHINA CALISAIA, the best known preparation of its kind prepared by the Firm of DE GIORGIO (Milano, Italy) who have been awarded the above mentioned Gold Medals and Honors.

THIS ELIXIR CHINA CALISAIA

is prepared from the best quality of the real CINCONA CALISAIA and is specially recommended by the highest Medical authorities as a Reconstituent and Tonic in all forms of ANEMIA, DISPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS, NEVRASTENIA and in fact for all needing a real good Tonic, and it is also a high class Liqueur.

A small liqueur glass before meals will have the desired EFFECT.

Price, Rs. 5-6 per Litre Bottle. Price, Rs. 2-14 per Half Litre Bottle.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA :

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

Scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.

WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., LTD.

RETREADING AND REPAIRING WORKS,

UNDER EXPERT ENGLISH SUPERVISION

ALL THE LATEST

DUNLOP MACHINERY.

Send along your OLD TYRES and have them retreaded under the Dunlop System which is the best ever discovered. Repairs to TUBES of every description. ESTIMATES and REPORTS FREE.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., LTD.

3, Wallace Street, BOMBAY.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LTD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS.
BOMBAY.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT.

QUININE ELIXIR (ELIXIR CHINA)

THE best Tonic for the System, containing all the properties of the peruvian bark, aids digestion, and prevents fever attacks ; pleasant to the taste. It is recommended to convalescents.

DOSE—A liqueur glass before or after meals.

OBTAINABLE IN LITRE BOTTLES,

RS. 5-12

FROM

MONGINI BROTHERS,

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from the 13th to the 20th September, 1910, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

Bombay, 10th September, 1910.

EXPLOSIVES FOR SALE.

THERE are large quantities of EXPLOSIVES, such as Ruberite Dynamite, Detonators, Fuze Blasting Powder, available FOR SALE, on the North-Western Railway, particulars of which can be obtained from

THE CHIEF STOREKEEPER,
North-Western Railway,
Lahore.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, 30th September, 1910.

THE DELHI AND NORTHERN INDIA FLOUR MILLS CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 17 and 18, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th September, at 2-30 P. M. (S. T.), to transact the following business :—

1.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1910.

2.—To elect a Director in the place of one who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.

3.—To appoint an Auditor and to fix his remuneration.

4.—To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from the 1st September to the 14th September, 1910, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JAMES MACKINTOSH & CO.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1910.

THE COLABA LAND & MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty-first Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Colaba Land and Mill Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office, No. 42/43, Church Gate Street, Fort, on Wednesday, the 14th September, 1910, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1910.

(2) To sanction Payment of a Dividend.

(3) To confirm the appointment of Nowrojee P. Cama, Esqr., as a Director in terms of Section 95 of the Articles of Association.

(4) To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

(5) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

(6) To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Friday, the 9th to Friday, the 23rd September, 1910, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
BRADBURY BRADY & Co.,
Agents & Managers.

Bombay, 25th August, 1910.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF PRINTED BOOKS AND FORMS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Standard Time) on WEDNESDAY the 21st September, 1910, for the supply of the above for one, three or five years, commencing from 1st January, 1911.

2. Tender forms of the above giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of the books and forms required and the conditions on which Tenders will be received may be obtained on application at the General Stores Keeper's office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 5 for each form. No refund of this amount will be made on account of unused Tender forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tender should be superscribed with heading as above, and a deposit of Rupees one thousand should accompany each Tender, without which no Tender will be considered. Only cash currency notes or Government Promissory notes will be received as deposits and if the latter they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great India Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. All books and forms to be equal in all respects to the Company's standard samples, which can be obtained on application to the General Storekeeper.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 22nd July, 1910.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

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All Dangers—Moral and Physical,
Please Read our Book!!!
"KAM SHASTRA,"
A GUIDE to Health, Wealth and Prosperity!
Available in all Languages!!
English, Marathi, Hindi, Gujarati, Urdu, Bengali Telugu and Tamil!
Kanarese Edition in the Press!!
More than 600,000 copies already supplied!
GRATIS and POST-FREE.
Apply to :—VAIDYA SHASTRI
MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Jamnagar, (Kathiawar).

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special forms for large contracts Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

THE CASE OF REBELLIOUS SUSAN.

BAND OF THE 1ST GLOSTERS, SEPT. 20TH, 21ST AND 22ND.

TICKETS AND PLAN,
S. ROSE & CO.

BOMBAY, Y. M. C. A.

POPULAR CONCERT
ON
SATURDAY NEXT, at 9-15 p. m.

ADMISSION, As. 8.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
GRAND ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME,
THE CALL OF THE BLOOD,
A grand Far West Drama,
and our usual Comic and Pathetic Pictures.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR	SAIGON
BOMBAY	(Federated Malay States.)	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MALACCA.	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	MANILA	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YUJIO
HONGKONG	PEKING	
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Newera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cocanada,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital..... Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital..... „ 17,62,500
Reserve Fund..... „ 4,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, LD., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India,
HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES :—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows :—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent, per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on any Town in India, and Currency Notes of any circle received free of Charge in Fixed and Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager

Standard Buildings, Bombay, 30th June, 1910.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.....	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.....	6 8 2	„ „
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2	„ „
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg...	4 12 2	„ „
Monkey, 125 deg.....	4 8 2	„ „
Elephant, 125 deg.....	4 3 0	per two tins.
„ 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street, Fort.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

WANTED.—TRANSLATORS, KNOWING both GUJRATI and MARATHI; pay Rs. 15 to Rs. 50, according to qualifications. See personally or send application to Pt. THAKUR DATTA SHARMA VAIDYA, Room No. 8, Kashmere Hindu Motel, Sitaram Buildings.

WANTED an EXPERIENCED MANAGER, well versed in Banking business, for the Bombay Branch of this Bank. Apply with terms and testimonials to the AGENTS, The Poona Bank, Ld. Poona City.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

IMPORTANT TO MOTORISTS.—Decalcifier. The great Calcium solvent will absolutely remove calcium and incrustations from Radiators and other parts. Stocked by THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Bombay.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 ¾d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable LANDED PROPERTY at Kazi Syed Street or Moeady Bazar, near Mandvi.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Bombay.

Re-Cursondas Permanand and another.....Insolvents
and
High Court
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 786 of 1909.

The firm of Lalji Thackersey.....Plaintiff
vs.
Tricumdas Dwarkadas and others.....Defendants.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Official Assignee and the Assignee of the estate of Cursondas Permanand and Shamji Permanand, trading in the name of Permanand Narsey and with consent of R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver in Suit No. 786 of 1909 and with the consent of the mortgagee of the said property Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., auctioneers, will offer for sale by Public Auction on the premises the immoveable property hereunder described, for THURSDAY, the 22nd day of September, 1910, at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and rent tenure together with the messuages, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate, lying and being on West side of the public road known as Kazi Syed Street and in the Registration sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 210 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the North by the property of Cursondas Permanand, on the South by the property of Rameshordas Tooleidas, on the East by the said Kazi Syed Street aforesaid and on the West by a sweeper's gully beyond which there are the properties of Ishram Godhu and of Thakar Ruttonji Poonji, and which said premises are registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 705, New No. 6417, Old Survey No. 479, New Survey No. 2760 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under ward No. 1371 and Street Nos. 168, 170 and 173.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, attorneys for the vendor or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 14th September, 1910.

BENNETT & COMPANY
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR CARS.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, sell by Public Auction, at Mody Bay, Kavakhana Lane, in Jivraj Baloo's Stable, at 3 p. m. (S.T.), by order of the concerned the following cars :—

One 12-15 H. P., 7 seated, 2 cylinder, "Wolsely" car.
One 8-10 H.P., 4 seated, 1 cylinder, "Wolsely" car.
One 10-12 H.P., 4 seated, 1 cylinder, "De Dion" car.
One 12-15 H.P., 5 seated, 2 cylinder and magneto "Beaufort" car,
One 12-15 H.P., 2 seated 2 cylinder, "Dacoville" car.
One 15-20 H.P., 5 seated, 4 cylinder and magneto "Penhard" car, with accessories.
One 12-15 H.P., 8 seated 2 cylinder "De Dion" car, Laundaulette body, with electric and carbide gas lights in all accessories, in perfect running order.

The above is now on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

ON SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 14th September, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED GOODS, belonging to the Government (Customs Department.)

In accordance with Section 88 of the Sea Customs Act VIII of 1878, under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Messrs. MENESSE, and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Town Custom House, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, at 2 p. m. (S.T.), the following unclaimed and confiscated goods :—

Cases of bitters, spirit, provisions, tobacco, petroleum, paint, colour, slates, tinwars, madicine, Plumber's blocks and couplings, cash ink, Bale brown paper, bags rice, cowries, tripongs, Drum's sanitary fluid, stones, slabs, empty casks, planks, 3 silver anklets, etc.

Also

At 4-30 p. m. (S.T.) at the Victoria Dock, unclaimed warehouse No. 10 :—52 casks cement.

AUCTION SALE for the right of occupation of the B. I Trust Godowns at Mandevi Blocks.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on WEDNESDAY, the 21st September 1910, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), the right of occupation of godowns in chawl at Mandvi blocks near Carnac Bridge.

Godowns No. 1, 2, block III, godown No. I, 2, 3, 4, block IV, and godowns, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, block V.

Full particulars and auction conditions can be seen at the Trust Land Manager's Office, Esplanade Road, Fort, or at the Office of the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 14th September, 1910.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED, CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

HOTEL WINDSOR,
VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath. Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS :

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,305,710.96

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House. Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—

BRANCHES :

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP .....Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... „ 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Eyojun Port
Changchung	Lyeoe	Arthur
Dairen (Dairy)	Fengtien Mukden	Peking
Hankow	Nagasaki	San Francisco
Honolulu	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hongkong	New York	Tiehling
Kobe	Osaka	Tientsin
London		Tokyo

LONDON BANKERS :—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.
If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, or should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has a reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—ITS CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.
Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.
It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising, such as

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA,	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.
It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
NOTE. This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.
TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes :—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' —June 18, 1909"
IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—We have scores of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition. This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor*, the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say : "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."
Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
ASK FOR
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
(For Ladies.)
A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Sufferers of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills to the Reserve; and on the first signs of any irregularity of the System a speedy Cure may be administered. Those who once thoroughly prove them, never seek enormous sale. Of all Chemists and Stores, or post free Rs. 5-8.
MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Bombay.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES :
Surat, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

BENGER'S FOOD
Wherever there is a case of enfeebled digestion, whether from advancing age, illness, or general debility, there is a case for Benger's Food.
When the stomach becomes weakened, the digestion of ordinary food becomes only partial, and at times is painful, little of the food is assimilated, and the body is consequently insufficiently nourished.
This is where Benger's Food helps. It contains in itself the natural digestive principles, and is quite different from any other food obtainable.
All doctors know and approve of its composition, and prescribe it freely.
For INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED.
The "British Medical Journal" says: "Benger's Food has, *by its excellence*, established a reputation of its own."
BENGER'S NEW BOOKLET deals with the most common doubts and difficulties which mothers have to encounter. It is sent post free on application to Benger's Food, Ltd., Otter Works, Manchester, England.
Benger's Food is sold in tins by Druggists, etc., everywhere.

CLARKES. B.341. PILLS.
A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

JOHN JAMESON'S THREE STAR WHISKEY.
PURE POT STILL. Famous for 100 Years.
JOHN JAMESON & SON, LIMITED, DUBLIN.
Distillers to H. M. the King.
Stocked by—
PHIPSON & CO., 6 Apollo St., BOMBAY.

ASK FOR
SUTTON CARDEN'S
LONDON OLD TOM GIN,
"SOFT AS CREAM,"
Guaranteed absolutely Pure.
SOLE AGENTS :
CROFT MODY & CO.

RETAIL SUPPLIERS :
MESSRS. B

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Lapwing .....Comdr R.cLean ...Royal Navy
H M S Northbrook...Comdr W B Huddleston...R I M
H M S Hardinge.....Comdr R Stocken .....R I M
H M S Investigator...Lieut Dannon Marine Survey of India...R I M
H M S Palinurus.....Lieut Danson ...Marine Survey of India...R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Sept. 13.

Avala.....2385 Canham .....P & O S N Co
Badra .....1613 Jones.....G Jeswanji & Sons
Brazilian.....2438 Snowdon...Greaves Cotton & Co
Bullmouth.....2607 Powell..... W & A Graham & Co
Bingo Maru.....3873 Parsons.....N J Kaisha
Berne.....1899 Barrand.....Shaw Wallace & Co
Caithness .....2422 Proctor ..W & A Graham & Co
Pellerans .....2765 Falck .....T Morrison & Co
Harpenden .....2302 Cromack.....Andrew Yuel & Co
Hstumat .....2584 Peters .....Andrew Yuel & Co
Maron .....1437 Adams .....T Morrison & Co
Melwanker.....4183 Smith .....W & A Graham & Co
Nairung.....2962 Corkhill .....T Morrison & Co
Najmi .....2542 Hallet .....B & A M Jeswanji
Quilon.....3442 Stewart .....M M & Co
Shah Ameer.....1922 Haise .....B & H E N & Co
shah Jehan .....2566 Born.....B & H S N & Co
Said.....502 Willoughley.... B & H S N & Co
Valdura.....3584 McDougall...W&A Graham & Co
Vadala .....2164 Robins .....M M & Co
Waroonga.....2502 Chappell.....M M & Co
Wardha.....2551 Archdeacon.....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Sept. 13.

J PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Harport	2503	Lamb	Dunkirk	23 9...	J Mackintosh & Co
B Arabistan	1819	Colel	Antwerp	17-9	W & A Graham & Co
F Chanda	3951	Tice	Antwerp	18-9	M M & Co
H Majidi	1857	Newby	Jeddah	24-9	B & P S N & Co
K Dunbarmoor	2331	Barton	Hamburg	Middlesborough	14-9...W & A G Co
L Islami	1605	Green	Repairing...	B & P S N & Co	
M Sibirien	2032	De Lorme	Jeddah	15-9	B & P S N & Co
P Braunfels	3558	Schmidt	Hamberg	22 9...	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Massilia	3250	Thomson	Liverpool	16-9...	W & A Graham & Co
3 D Balduino	2684	Daute	Genoa	15-9	Florio & R S N & Co
4 Ischia	2481	Belsito	Honkong	16 9...	F Rubattino Line
5 Bodlewell	2209	Smiles	Colombo	16 9...	M M & Co
6 President	2086	Jacobson	Durban	14-9	A Strandes & Co
12&13 Persia	4138	Haughton	London	24-9...	P & O S N Co
14 Dwarka	759	Moxon	Bushire	15 9...M M & Co	
15 Sangola	3349	Stunt	Calcutta	14-9...	M M & Co

H W P D

Satrunji.....547 Esmail.....Repairing...Bo S N Co Ld
Courland ..760 Ebranim ..N F...N F...Bo S N Co Ld
Saraswati ..... 443 Ebrahim.....Karachi...15-9... B S N Co
Kaveri.....553 Dawood.....B'Nagor...14 9... B S N Co

ARRIVAL.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
Quilon		Steward	Samarang, Aug 27
Caithness		Proctor	Calcutta, Sept 1
Bingo Maru		Parsons	Kobe, Aug 15
Berne		Barrand	Rangoon, Aug 24
Vadala		Robins	Calcutta, Aug 27
Melwankee		Smith	St Janiero, Aug 2
Bullmouth		Powell	Puto Samboe, Aug 30

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
Assaye		Jones	Shanghai
Indiana		Parker	Calcutta

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Co.'s steamer "Capri" from Hongkong left to-day for Singapore and Bombay
The German East Africa Line steamer "Sultan" arrived at Mombasa from Bombay yesterday.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 14th September.

767. Parade—To-day Wednesday the 14th instant—"G" Coy Parade on the Maidan at 7-30 a.m.

768. Signalling.—Thursday the 15th instant.—The Signalling Class will parade at 7 a.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

769. The Viceroy's Prize Competition.—Intending Competitors will please submit their names with entrance fees (Rs. 4) to the Adjutant by the 15th instant.

Conditions can be seen at Head-Quarters.

770. Rifle Club.—It is proposed to form a Regimental Rifle and Miniature Rifle Club at an early date.

Members wishing to join are requested to notify the Adjutant or the Cr-Sergts of their Companies before the 15th instant. The subscription will be a small one.

771. Medals.—Applications for Volunteer Long Service Medal should reach Adjutant's Office by the 15th instant.

772. Meeting—There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at Head-Quarters to-day Wednesday the 14th instant at 6-30 p.m. to consider the formation of a Regimental Rifle Club.

773. Rifle Meeting—The Bengal Punjab Rifle Meeting will be held at Meerut from the 9th to 19th November 1910. Programme can be seen at Head-Quarters. Entries closed on the 15th October. Any member wishing to enter will please forward his name to Head-Quarters.

774. Subscriptions Wreath.—All subscriptions towards the wreath sent on the occasion of the funeral of his late Majesty King Edward VII on behalf of the Army in India must reach the Adjutant's Office by the 15th instant otherwise they cannot be included.

775. Boxing.—The Annual Boxing Tournament of the 1st Gloucestershire Regiment will be held at Colaba, on or about the 5th October 1910.

Open to all Troops, Regulars and Volunteers in the Southern Army and Royal Navy in Port. Programme can be seen at Head-Quarters. Entrances fees nil.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL A. K. LESLIE, V. D. COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 13th September.

NOTICES.

FOOTBALL.

A B V A Football Club Dinner will be held at Mongini's at 8-30 p. m. on Friday, 16th September.

All members are cordially invited. Those wishing to attend will kindly notify Sergt Venn, Thoburn House, Apollo Bunder, by Friday noon at the latest.

Tickets—Rs 3. Mess Dress Optional.

Cricket.

The following match has been arranged:—

BVA vs. Bombay City Police, on the Oval on Sunday, 18th September, at 2-15 p.m.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut., R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A

Make your own Cigarette It is twice as good AG CIGARETTE PAPER BEST and PUREST LARGEST SALE IN GT BRITAIN

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, September 12.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent.	... ...	80 9-16+1-16
Rentes 3 per cent ...	... ...	97 3-4 unchgd
S 1-2 per cent. (Sterling Loan)...		94 unchgd
S 1-2 per cent Government Securities ...	... ...	63 3-8 unchgd
Bar Silver in London.	... ...	24 3-8—1-16
D 2 months hence	... ...	24 1-2—1-16
Closing Tone of Silver.—Quiet but steady.		
Bar Silver in New York ..	...	54 1-2—1-8
Exchange on London at Paris	...	25-23 1-2 unchgd
Do do Berlin	...	20-15—1-2
Do do New York	...	4-86 1-8+1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate...		3 p.c. since 9-6-10
Do. Short London Bills 3 m/st..		2 15-16—1-16
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st...		3 3-8—1-8
Do Fine Trade bills 3 months.		3 3-8—1-8
Do. Fine Trade bills 6 months..		3 7-8—1-8
Interest day to day loans	...	7-8 unchgd
Do. 7 day market loans	...	1 3-8 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)	...	77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying rate)	... ...	...1-3 29-32 unchgd

MANCHESTER, September 12.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—		Bales.
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot	...	Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures	...	Steady.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian...		Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market	...	Dull.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	...	6,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp		300
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian	...	100
Do. Day's Imports	...	1,000
Mid Americans	...	8-22—3
Egyptian F. G. F.	...	12 1-16 unchgd

	S.-O.	O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.
Cotton Delivery	7-11	6-90	6-83	6-80	6-80
Mid Uplands	—7	—7	—8	—8	—7
G. O. C.					
Liverpool	F.-M.	M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.	
	6-80	6-80	6-80	6-81	
	—7	—8	—8	—7	

NEW YORK, September 12.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	...	18,000
Do. Last year	...	26,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain	...	24,000
Do. Exports to Continent	...	19,000
Spot Cotton	...	13-90—10
Futures at New York Oct. 12-93—8		Declined owing to unfavourable cables and to expected increase in the movement.
Do de Dec. 12-97—7		
NEW ORLEANS—		
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	...	13 3-8 unchgd
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	...	12-90—2
Do. at New Orleans Dec.	...	12-90—2
Closing Tone of futures	...	Quiet.

WHEAT.

White Karachi ... 37 1-4 Sept.-Oct.—London —Sellers.

Tone of wheat—Quiet.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 47 2-4
Do. Months—Apr-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent, ex-ship ... 46
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs ex-ship... 42
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firmer.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 76 1-2
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Done.
Tone of Linseed—Firmer.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 70 1-4
Do Month—Sept-Oct.,
Do Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Value.
Wheat afloat for United Kingdom 21,50,000

COFFEE.

In New York Fair Rio No. 7 quality). 10 3-8

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ...7-3 Value Steadier.

SKIN SALE.

Sheep skin sale opened to-day with good demand. Sheep skins unchanged.

ARRIVAL.

"Springburn."

BOMBAY, September 13.

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Sunday, 11th September:—

Wheat	...	13,333 cwts
Linseed	...	3,376 „
Rapeseed	...	7,372 „
Gingellyseed ...	...	295 „
Poppyseed	...	1,668 „
Groundnuts... ...	...	489 „
Castorseed	...	2,381 „
Rice...	...	1,982 „
Myrabollams ...	...	81 „
Cottonseed	...	2,200 „
Mowrassed	...	1,117 „
Gram	...	1,211 „
Jowar	...	2,620 „
Maize	...	60 „

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Sunday, 11th September:— Bales.

Khandeish	...	..... „
Central India	...	..... „
Barsi and Nagor	...	..... „
Berar	...	29 „
Central Provinces	...	..... „
Comrae...	...	29 „
Dholera	...	..... „
Broach...	...	..... „
Coompta and Dharwar ...	...	..... „
Westerns	...	116 „
Bengals (N W. P.)... ...	...	..... „
Bengal Rajputana ...	...	..... „
Sind	...	..... „
Persian	...	..... „
Other Sorts	...	..... „
American	...	..... „
Total ...		1,310 Bales.

LIVERPOOL, September 13.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	... ...	Steady.
Estimated Sales	... ...	4,000
Total Imports	... ...	Nil
Future Delivery Prices:—		
Sept.-Oct. ...	... ...	7-14+4
Oct.-Nov. ...	... ...	6-92+5
Nov.-Dec. ...	... ...	6-85+5
Dec.-Jan. ...	... ...	6-83+5
Jan.-Feb. ...	... ...	6-83+4
Feb.-Mar. ...	... ...	6-87+4
Mar.-Apl. ...	... ...	6-87+5
Apl.-May ...	... ...	6-83+5
May-June ...	... ...	6-83+5

LIVERPOOL, September 13.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone ...	... ...	Steady.
Estimated Sales ...	... ...	7,000
Total Imports ...	... ...	13,000
Future Delivery Prices:—		
Sept.—Oct. ...	... ...	7-16—1
Oct.—Nov. ...	... ...	6-90 same
Nov.—Dec. ...	... ...	6-84+1
Dec.—Jan. ...	... ...	6-81+1
Jan.—Feb. ...	... ...	6-80 same
Feb.—Mar. ...	... ...	6-81+1
Mar.—Apl. ...	... ...	6-81+1
Apl.—May ...	... ...	6-81+1
May.—June ...	... ...	6 81+2

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 10th and 11th Sept. 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	21	24,284
B. B. & C. I. Railway ...	64	75,692

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 12.

There is a better feeling to-day in the share market. Prices keep steady. The following transactions were reported:—

Coal Shares: Burra Dhemo, Rs. 8-8-0; New Beerbhoom, Rs. 44-4-0; North-West, Rs. 4-4-0 (prem); Raneegunge, Rs. 19-8-0; Saypukuria Asansol, Rs. 8-8-0; Seejoath, Rs. 12-8-0; and South Govindpore, Rs. 2-10-0.

3 1-2 per cent. Government Paper is quoted at Rs. 95-2-0 to Rs. 95-3-0 for cash and at Rs. 94-14-0 to Rs. 94-15-0 for delivery in one month.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of Births, Marriages, Deaths and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

D'AGUIAR.—Sept. 13, Ignacio L. D'Aguiar, aged 72 years, deeply regretted by his sorrowing widow and a large circle of relations. Funeral will leave his residence, Khotachiwadi, Girgaum, this Wednesday evening, at 5 (S. T.).

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CALVER.—September 5, at Darjeeling, the wife of Lt-Col J T Calvert, I M S, of a son.

SULLIVAN.—September 9, at No 15, Ballygunj Circular Road, Calcutta, the wife of T J Sullivan, of a daughter.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 26m; Sun sets, 6h. 43m. High water, 7-51m. 6-54s; Low water, 0-17m. 2-23s.
Bombay Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Excelsior Cinematograph: "The Call of the Blood" 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10.

Maxim: "What is a successful man's hardest struggle? 'Staying that way.'"—Cleveland Leader.

ENGLISH MAIL.

ARRIVAL.

P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the English Mails of the 2nd instant, which left Aden at 3 p.m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer "Salsette," leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday the 17th instant.

Suicide.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Morgue on the body of Mangabai, a Hindu woman, aged 20 years, and residing at Galul Wadi. The deceased had been suffering from pains in the stomach for the past few weeks and her body was found floating in the well on Monday. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

Thanksgiving Mass.—On Sunday, the 18th instant, at 11 a.m., the employees of Trades Association of Messrs. Kemps Treacher Thomson, Taylor, Leopold, Cornaglia, Badham Pile, Cutler Palmer, Vafiadis, P and O., Marcks, Philip, Thacker and Co., and A Holis and Son, etc., will celebrate their Annual Thanksgiving Mass at the Chapel of our Lady of Mount, Bandra.

Postal Notice.—Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and Lourenco Marques, per s. s. "Praesident," will be closed at the General Post Office at 2 p. m. to-morrow Thursday, instead of on the 14th instant aspreviously notified. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other placesin So uth Africa will alsobe forwarded by this steamer.

Kathiawar News.—Our Bhavnagar correspondent writes on the 12th instant:—The wife of a telegraph peon of the Wadhwan junction station was bitten by a snake. Mr. Cordezo applied a tight legature, slashed open the wound and treated the patient with permanganate of potash and the woman escaped poisoning. Plague is prevalent in Bhavnagar and an extra train service has been put on between Bhavnagar and Dhola for the benefit of people who are gone to live temporarily in the suburbs.

SALE OF STEAMERS IN RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Sept. 12.

An application was made to-day to Mr. Justice Robinson in the matter of the sale of the steamers "Paknam" and "Tangliu" which has been fixed for Wednesday by Balthazer, the receiver, to be permitted to bid at the sale. Higginbotham, on behalf of the Calcutta Docking Company and in execution of the decree, transferred from Calcutta obtained by the Company for repairs done to the steamers, asked to be put on record to have Maritime lien. His Honour said he could not allow it as the decree has not yet reached the Court. Mr. Justice Robinson rejected the Docking Company's application also Balthazar's request.

ARRIVALS.

Per s.s. "City of York," Sept. 15.

The Ellerman Line s. s. "City of York," 11,000 tons, Commander J. Wilson, is due to arrive here from Liverpool on the morning of the 15th instant, when she will proceed direct into the Victoria Dock. The following is the list of passengers:—

LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY.

Bayliss, Mr H V	McLean, Mr Geo
Brough-Simpson, Mrs	Menzies, Mrs
Campbell, Miss	Mytton, Mr
Chamen, Mr C H K	Power, Capt A G N
Charlier, Mrs, child and infant	Price, Mr C H
Clatworthy, Mr F	Pyne, Mr C
Crick, Miss Maud	Pyne, Mr E
Danson, Mrs. N A and infant	Russell, Misses (two)
Gall, Mr	Stewart, Major E R
Glanville, Mr	Stewart, Mrs
Hart, Mrs	Talbot, Mrs J, nurse and infant
Husband, Mrs F, 2 children and infant	Trotter, Mrs H and 2 infants
Maclaren, Mr J	Wright, Mr Geo

NAPLES TO BOMBAY.

Amesbury, Mr G C	Palit, Lieut D
Booth-Tucker, Commnr	Stewart, Mrs E G and infant
Booth-Tucker, Mrs	Wigram, Capt K
Francis, Rev Alex	

PORT SAID TO BOMBAY.—Coreonos, Mr L

LIVERPOOL TO KARACHI.

Chase, Mrs A J	Ellison, Mr H F

NAPLES TO KARACHI.—Crewdson, Lieut W T C

Per s s. "Olympia," Sept. 16.

The Anchor Line s.s. "Olympia" is due to arrive here by daylight on the 16th instant with the following passengers:—

Appleton, Mrs M	Slane, Miss
Bott, Mr H	Stewart, Capt P D
Collinge, Mr	Kilbee-Stuart, Capt R
Ruel, Capt W G	Kilbee-Stuart, Mrs
Ruel, Mrs and 2 children	

GOUT.

6 YEARS CURED.

Mr. James Vick, of Avon Cottage, Batheaston near Bath, England, is well known and highly respected. He writes: "Dear Sirs,—You will remember that about three years ago I called to thank you personally for the good Doan's Backache Kidney Pills had done me. It is now nearly six years since I commenced taking Doan's Pills, and I have never had an attack of the kidney complaint from that time, although I still take a pill now and then as a safeguard, which keeps me all right.

"But for many years I suffered terribly from severe attacks of gout two or three times during each year. Since taking Doan's Backache Kidney Pills I have been entirely free from the gout, and have not suffered as I used to from the severe pains in my back. I surprise all my friends by the good health I enjoy, and I feel better now than I did forty years ago: that is saying good deal, for I am 79 years of age. My friends say I am a wonderful man to do what I do.

"I only hope my testimony will be of help to others. Yours very truly, (Signed) James Vick."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per bottle, or 6 bottles for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACES.

Closed Meeting—First Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Sept. 13.

There was noticeable falling off in the attendance at the first day of the closed meeting for which the executive had framed a card of six events and out of these, the favourites caught the Judge's eye on two occasions. Of the other events, the last resulted in an objection against the winner, Begum, by the rider of the second Chemise for crossing. After deliberation, lasting over an hour, The Stewards upheld the objection and gave the race to Chemise who had started a favourite. The weather throughout the afternoon was dull and muddy, but rain did not come down in time to interfere with the going.

HURDLE PLATE—R. C. and distance over 7 Flights.

Mr Jeddere Fisher's Mauser 11-1.....Nicholson 1
Mr Miles' Idle 11-9 .....Owner 2
Mr Thomas' War Cloud 11-3...Mr O'Brien Butler 3

Also Ran—Vernon 10-9.

Betting—5 to 4 on Idle; 5 to 1 against Mauser, 3 to 1 War Cloud.

Won by 1 1-2 lengths. 15 lengths next two. Time—3min. 17 4-5secs.

LITTLE ARAB PLATE—Half mile.

Capt Watkin William's Great Power 11-7...Mr Miles 1
Capt Goodfellow's Norwood 1-1.....Mr O B Butler 2
Mr S V Kennedy's Express 11-7.....Owner 3

Also Ran—11-7 Ramah 11-4, M.V.O. 11-1, Walkin 11-0, Minx 10-13, Orion 10-12 and Aden 10-8.

Betting.—Evens Great Power, 4 to 1 Norwood, 5 to 1 Minx, 6 to 1 Arth, 10 to 1 Express and greater odds the others.

Won by two and a half lengths; eight lengths between second and third. Time.—54 3-5 secs.

BEGINNERS PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Mr Jeddere Fisher's Little Officer 9st 2lbs .....Mr Miles 1
Major Stratton's Pembroke, 9st 5lbs, Mr O'B Butler 2
Mr D E Pass' Suspicion, 10st 12lbs .....Oomer 3

Also Ran.—Bridegroom 11st 7lbs.

Betting.—5 to 2 on Little Officer, 4 to 1 against Pembroke and 10 to 1 the others.

Little Officer led throughout winning by 3 lengths; 10 lengths between second and third. Time.—1min 15 secs.

KEMPTON PARK PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Col J Anderson's Yvette 10-3 .....Capt Anderson 1
Mr Miles' Mallinyook 11-1 .....Owner 2
Mr Miles' White Heather 11-5 .....Mr Nicholson 3

Also Ran—Parkhill 12-12, Confederation 11-7, Haymaker, 10-8, Louisiana III 10-6, Vernon 10-3, Estella 10-7, Tete-a-tete 9 to 9.

Betting—2 to 1 on Mallinyook, 6 to 1 White Heather, Parkhill, Confideration, 8 to 1 Yvette and greater odds the others.

Won by 3 lengths; half a length between second and 3rd. Time—1 min 19 4-5 secs.

LONGFIELD PLATE—6 furlongs.

Capt Nixon's Greyfox 10-2 .....Mr O'Brien Butler 1
Mr Miles' Nagashi 10 6 .....Owner 2
Capt Hodgson's Dojan 12-1 .....Owner 3

Also Ran.—Sunsun 12-5, M V O 10-9, Hafiz 10-7, and Little King 10-2, Sher 10-8

Betting—Even Dojan; 4 to M V O; 5 to 1 against Nagashi, and Sunsun; 6 to Greyfox and Sher and greater odds the others.

Greyfox led his field the whole way. Won by 1 1-2 lengths; one length between 2nd and 3rd. Time 1min.

OPEN POLO PLATE—Distance. 3 furlongs.

Capt C R Tarrot's Cnemise, 11-7 .....Owner 1
Capt W H Anderson's Lady George, 11-7...Owner 2
Mr G Burnham's The Sweep 11-7.....Capt Ritson 3

Also Ran—Black Bess 11-7, Begum 11-7, Blue Bell 11-7.

Betting—2 to 1 on Chemise, 3 to 1 against Begum, 4 to 1 Sweep, 10 to 1 Lady George, 12's and 20's the others.

Begum won by four lengths, but was disqualified on objection for crossing; three lengths 2nd and 3rd. Time—39min 3-5 secs.

POONA CLOSED MEETING.

2ND DAY, WEDNESDAY, 21st September.

1st Entries closed at 6 p.m., on Monday, 12th September.

THE SANDOWN PARK PLATE.—Distance R. C. and distance.

Mr R Gwynne's br aus g Vernon
Captain Winter's b aus g Confederation
Mr W E Elphinston's b e g Hay maker
Major G Moore's ch aus m Tete-a-Tete 14 1 1-2
Mr E Thomas' br aus g War Cloud
Mr W T Miles' ch e g Grard
Mr W T Miles' bl aus g Mallinyook
Mr E Nicholson's br aus g Ugly
Mr H C Jeddere Fisher's ch aus g Mauser
Captain Goodfellow's b e m Louisiana III
Colonel Beevar's br e m Erin's Pride (by wire).

THE BURST PARK PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Major Harrison's bl e m Harfleur 14-2
Captain W H Anderson's bl aus m Lady George 14 1
Major G Moore's ch aus m Tete-a-Tete 14 1 1-2
Mr R W L Dunlop's b e m Estella 14 1 1 2
Mr W T Miles' ch aus g Redshot 14 0 1-2
Mr W T Miles' d aus g Dairyman (subject to meat)
Mr W T Miles' ch e g Target 14 0 3-4
Captain Kennard's b e m Puss 14 1
Captain Kennard's b e m Muriel, late Paleface, 13 3 1-4
Major F C Stratton's b e m Topsail 14-1
Captain J Scott Nimmo's br e m The Misens 14 2
Mr R Gwynne's b aus g Broncho Bill 13 3 1-2
Colonel Beevar's b aus m Joy Bell (by wire)
Colonel Beevar's br aus m Small Scotch (by wire)

THE GATWICK PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Captain McGregor's b ag Hafiz 13 3 1-2
Lt-Col Jameson's b ah Little King 13 3
Captain W H Anderson's b a h Sunsun 14 0 1-2
Captain Willis' g a h M V O 13 3 3-4
Major G Moore's g ag Sher 14 0 2-4
Captain E A H Fell's g ag Oreon 13 3 1-4
Captain Watkin Williams' g a h Great Power 14 0
Mr W T Miles' bl a h Nagashi 13 2
Mr W T Miles' b ag Nettle 13 3 3-4
Captain Hodgson's b ag Dojan 13 3 1-2
Mr H C Jeddere Fisher's b a h Little Officer 13 2
Captain Wybrant's g a h Arth 14 0
Mr S V Kennedy's g a h False Start 13 3 3-4
Captain Goodfellow's b ag Norwood 13 2 1-2.

THE LITTLE ARAB HANDICAP PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Captain McGregor's b a g Hafiz 13 3 1-2
Lt-Col Jamirson's b a h Little King 13 3
Captain Willis' g a h M V O 13 3 3-4
Captain B H Alderson's ch a h Aden 13 3 1-2
Captain E A H Fell's g a h Orion 13 3 1-4
Mr J Turner's ch ag Walkin 14 0
Captain Watkin William's g a h Great Power 14-0
Mr W T Miles' bl a h Nagashi 13 2
Major McNeile's b a h Colonel 13 1 3-4
Captain Wybrant's g a h Arth 14
Captain Hodgson's b ag Dojan 13 3 1-2
Mr H C Jeddere Fisher's b a h Little Officer 13 2
Captain Lambton's ch a h Ramah 14
Mr S V Kennedy's g a h False Start 13 3 3-4
Mr S V Kennedy's g a h Express 14
Captain J Scott Nimmo's ch a h Minx 13 2 3-4
Captain Goodfellow's b a h Norwood 13 2 1-2

THE ARAB POLO PLATE.—Distance 3 furlongs.

Aga Cassim Shah's g a h Carbineer
Major Dannt's g ag Sirtaz
Major G Moore's g ag Sher 14 0 3-4
Central India Horse Polo Club's g ag Lavenir
Central India Horse Polo Club's b ag Lookout
Captain Shettle's b ag Diamond Jubilee
Captain E A H Fell's g ag Orion 13 3 1-4
Mr A K Graham's ch a g Prestidigitateur
Mr W T Mile's g ag Uncas
Mr W T Mile's g ag Gamecock
Major Pitman's b a h Arbitrator
Captain J Conder's ch a h Sultani
Captain Brooke's b ag Urfa 14 1 3-4
Mr F de Pass g ag Suspicion 14

2nd Entries close at 6 p.m., on Wednesday, 14th September.

THE TRIANGULAR MATCHES.

Hindu and Presidency Teams.

The following will represent the Hindus against the Parsis:—

1. C. V. Mehta (Captain).
2. P. Baloo.
3. S. M. Joshi.
4. W. B. Talpade.
5. M. D. Pai.
6. Shivram.
7. K. A. Date.
8. S. K. Divekar.
9. W. B. Palwankar.
10. P. Rasha.

The eleventh place has not yet been filled up.

At the Bombay Gymkhana last evening the following team was selected to represent the Presidency:—

F. L. Sprott, (Bombay).
H. L. Simms, (Jamnagar).
F. R. R. Brooke, (Bombay).
E. E. Christie, (Bombay).
H. Cheetham, (Wadhwan).
Capt. Van. Someren, (Nasirabad).
E. Freeman, (Secunderabad).
Capt. Tillard, (Poona).
Capt. Burnham, (Poona).
T. H. Watts, (Bombay).
And probably Capt. Mitford, (Bangalore).

DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

First Round.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept. 13.

The first game this evening was between the Connaught Rangers and the Dragoon Guards. Immediately from the start the Connaughts began pressing their opponents and before the game was scarcely five minutes old Kelly scored the first goal for his side with a high shot which the Dragoons' goal-keeper had no chance to save. Some give-and-take-play then followed, each side attacking and defending in turn, the Connaughts, of course, having the bigger share of the game. The Connaught forwards then ran down the ball with a combined run and from a beautiful centre from the right wing Campbell scored the second goal. A few minutes after the whistle blew for half-time, the Connaughts leading by 2 goals to love. Nothing of note happened in the second half, the exchanges were fairly even except that the Connaughts got an opportunity of increasing their score off a penalty which they missed. The game thus ended in a win for the Connaughts by 2 goals to love.

To-day during the interval between the two matches the first heats of the Sprinting Competition between the B. C. School and the Gordons and the Lancers and the Highland Light Infantry were run off in the B. C. School and Lancers won on points.

The second game between the Royal Scots and the Black Watch then started. This was the best game so far witnessed and was fast and exciting throughout. Within three minutes of the start the Scots scored from a melee in front of the Black Watch goal. This reverse put the Black Watch on their mettle and they immediately transferred play to the Scots' territory and the right winger getting the ball put in a beauty which the Scots goalkeeper just managed to save. The next few minutes saw some up and down play, each team attacking in turn. The Black Watch forwards then made a continued run to the right and getting the ball put in a stinger which beat the Scots goal-keeper. A few minutes later the whistle blew for half-time, the score being one all. In the second half the game was faster and more exciting, each team trying to increase its score. The Scots at last were able to secure a second goal owing the superior combination of their forwards. The Black Watch tried hard to equalise, but were unable to do so owing to the stubborn defence of the Scots. A few minutes later the whistle blew the call of time and the Scots were left victorious by two goals to one.

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana vs. Kathiawar.

BOMBAY SCORE HEAVILY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Sept. 13.

The match between the Bombay Gymkhana and Kathiawar resulted yesterday, as expected, in a draw, somewhat in favour of the home team. Over night the Kathiawar eleven had made 313 for 9 wickets, to which the Gymkhana had responded with 70 for no wickets. This total the home team carried yesterday to 230 for 5 wickets, when time was called and the match thus ended in a draw. In the early morning smart showers fell and the rain continued coming down with but few intervals in the afternoon. A start therefore could not be made until 4 p.m. Christie and Powell, the not-outs of the previous day, carried the total to 86, when Oghad broke through the latter's defence. Brooke then partnered Christie and the two added 64 for the second wicket. Oghad found Brooke's wicket when the total stood at 150, and the new-comer, Purcell was l-b-w to the same bowler before any addition to the total could be made. F. Stileman next assisted Christie and their partnership realised 57, when the former succumbed to Simms. Christie and Phillips then raised the total to 230, at which stage the latter returned to the pavilion, Oghad getting past his defence with a nice delivery. The Gymkhana had made 230 for 5 wickets when stumps were drawn. The home team deserve great credit for running up such a fine total on a wet wicket like yesterday's. On the previous day they had the same advantage as the visitors possessed of batting on a fast wicket, but yesterday they had to bat on a wicket which somewhat assisted the bowlers and on which it was a bit difficult to make the ball travel fast.

The feature of the Gymkhana batting was Christie's brilliant, unconquered innings of 150. He lost no time in taking the measure of the visitors' bowling, which he played with perfect confidence and hit up his century and a half in an easy, attractive style. He did not make a single faulty stroke till he reached the century. After that he gave a couple of chances which were not accepted. His contribution included seventeen 4's and two 6's. The value of his innings might be judged from the fact

The Bombay Gazette.

Christmas Number, 1910.

TO BE PUBLISHED

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THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the "Bombay Gazette" this year will surpass previous issues in attractiveness and interest.

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Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday, 14th September 1910

JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA.

FOR the purpose of the judicial administration of India, in a population of 280,279,681, distributed over an area upwards of a million square miles, there are no less than 8,391 judges of varied degree and capacity, who, in the last official year, disposed of 4,254,619 cases. The least important class of these judges, it may be observed, are all Indians, but there is a fair proportion of Indian judges in the superior courts, including the High Courts. And it must be said that they perform their duties satisfactorily, for official statistics show that of the judgments in the civil cases, representing seventy per cent. of the whole, only four per cent. were appealed against, and of the criminal cases the ratio of appeals was but seven per cent. Madras is shown to be the most litigious Presidency, the ratio of cases to population being one in every forty-one persons. Bombay comes next with one in sixty-two, while the United Provinces is last in the list with one in a hundred and sixty-five. In the matter of civil cases alone the order is somewhat different, Eastern Bengal and Assam being most litigious, the North-West Frontier Province and Madras following close, but the United Provinces remaining least litigious of all. The proportion which each class of suit bears to the total number instituted varies widely in different provinces. In Burma suits for money or movable property are nearly ninety per cent. of the total number, whereas in Bengal the proportion is only 42 per cent. and suits under the Rent Law are 46 per cent. of the total number instituted in Bengal. The suits instituted in the year involved a money value of close on twenty-six millions sterling. Approximately eighty-three per cent. of the total number of civil cases disposed of during the year came to trial, the result indicating that the proportion of unjustified litigation is not high and the decision went in favour of the defendant in only six per cent. of the suits disposed of. The plaintiff, on the other hand, got a decree either in whole or part as a compromise in 76 per cent. of the total number of suits disposed of. The expedition shown by judges in the disposal of cases varies considerably from year to year and in each province. In Madras, for example, the average duration of contested cases was 214 days and for uncontested cases 59 days, while in the North-West Frontier Province the figure was 35 and 21 respectively. The duration of appeals from decrees is much greater being 384 in Eastern Bengal and Assam, 839 in Madras, 307 in Bengal and over 250 in Bombay.

From the statistics of Criminal Justice we find that the average number of offences reported annually in the last five years was 1,396,919, of which 1,140,241, or eighty per cent. were returned as true and 1,037,416 were brought to trial. Of these 883,435 were acquitted or discharged. Testing the relative criminality of the different regions of India by the number of cases brought to trial, we find Bombay assumes a bad eminence, being second in wickedness. Burma heads the list with ninety criminals in every ten thousand of the population; Bombay seventy-eight, Madras seventy-five, North-West Frontier Province sixty-seven, Punjab fifty-four, the Bengal thirty-two, the Central Provinces twenty-six, United Provinces twenty-five and Eastern Bengal and Assam last, with twenty. Cases affecting life numbered 6,606, inflicting hurt 119,437, criminal force and assault 57,032, theft 88,539 and criminal trespass 55,367. From the provincial distribution of these offences crimes of violence have shown to be more numerous in Madras, the Punjab and the United Provinces, but in proportion to the population are most rife in the Punjab, Bombay, Burma and the North-West Frontier Province. Punishments inflicted by the Courts are found to include death in 494 cases, transportation in 2,022, rigorous imprisonment in 143,149, simple imprisonment in 14,611, fines 626,189 and whipping 19,034. Sentences were reversed or quashed in thirteen per cent. of the cases; new trials were ordered in 8,368 cases and the sentences in 12,844 were reduced or otherwise altered, and enhanced in 411.

For the maintenance of the peace and protection of the public, India has 779 police officers of superior rank and 177,548 officers and men of lower degree. Over the whole of India the number of cases in which property was recovered was about 35 per cent. of the number of cases in which property was stolen, Eastern Bengal, Bengal and the United Provinces being the only provinces which fell below the standard. The value of the property recovered was 28 per cent. of the total value of property stolen in British India, Bombay with forty-seven per cent. having much the best figure in this respect of the larger provinces. The standard of intelligence is not high, but now over half the police in the country can read and write. In the United Provinces the police are most backward in the matter of education, for of the entire number only 26 per cent. can read and write. For the accommodation of prisoners jails are maintained at a cost of pretty nearly eighty-seven lakhs of rupees and the inmates are employed at printing, oil pressing, brick and tile making, carpentry and blacksmith's work, carpet, dhurry and blanket weaving, cloth, tent and paper-making. The daily average strength of the jail population in the year was 107,583 and the daily average sick 2,985. This large number must be taken to include the lazy as well as the lame for malingering is not uncommon. But the number of deaths during the twelve months was 2,580 which represents a death-rate of 1·5 per cent. compared with 3·8 per cent. for the free population. Sanitation in the jails is greatly improved as compared with previous years and the death-rate has gone down with remarkable rapidity.

THE ASTRONOMER ROYAL.

SIR WILLIAM CHRISTIE is retiring from the post of Astronomer Royal under the sixty-five year rule, as he has attained that age when all servants of the Government must resign. Astronomer Royal is the official title of the head of the Royal Greenwich Observatory, and the appointment is made directly by the Prime Minister of the day. Very young men are usually appointed to this responsible post, so that they can continue in office for a long time, as it is very necessary that there should be uniformity in their work of supervision of the observations made under their direction. Mr. Edward Maunder, who has been Sir William Christie's assistant for a long time, and who has distinguished himself much in solar work, in the course of which he came to Bombay to observe the famous total eclipse of the sun of 1898, is at present in his sixtieth year, and was probably found too old for this post, otherwise he would have done honour to this high office if he had got it. A former assistant and a much younger man, who is only a little above forty, Mr. Frank Dyson, gets the post which Sir William himself obtained when he was even younger, namely, thirty-six, and which he has held for nearly thirty years. Thirty years is the average time during which the post has been held by previous incumbents. The office was founded by Charles II in 1675 some years after the incorporation of the Royal Society at the instance of some of the leading fellows of the latter body who petitioned him to establish an observatory for the benefit of practical navigation. Flamsteed was the first to be appointed in 1675 at the age of 29 and he held the post till his death in 1719, having been Astronomer Royal for 44 years. Long as this period of office was, it has been surpassed twice by later holders as we shall presently see. Flamsteed really organised Greenwich Observatory and did very valuable work in practical astronomy which was appreciated in other countries also. He was succeeded by an even greater astronomer, the celebrated Halley, whose name has lately been so much in evidence on account of the recent return of the Comet named after him, and who presided over Greenwich Observatory for 23 years. Then came James Bradley, who made the very important discoveries of aberration of light and the mutation of the earth's axis, the latter of which especially has enabled observations to be made very accurately. He held office for 20 years till his death in 1762 when his successor Nathaniel Bliss was Astronomer Royal for only three years. Nevil Maskelyne, whose daughter married Clive, next presided at Greenwich and continued Astronomer Royal for 46 years, till his death. Maskelyne is known for having established that very useful as well as well known publication the Nautical Almanac. In 1811 on his death came John Ponal, who held office for 25 years till he was succeeded in 1835 by Sir George Airy, a distinguished astronomer, who was Astronomer Royal for 45 years. Airy was only 34 when he got this office and retired from the post at 80. He died at 90 in 1892. In Airy's days there was no sixty-five years rule, otherwise he should have been retired much earlier. Sir W. Christie came in Airy's place in 1881, and has done much to sustain as well as increase the high reputation of the Greenwich Observatory by his excellent supervision work and also by his catalogues of stars which are really very helpful to observers. His new successor, Mr. Dyson, worked under him for several years till in 1905 he went to Edinburgh as Astronomer Royal for Scotland in succession to the late Dr. R. Copeland. He is also Professor of Astronomy in Edinburgh University.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

A GRATEFUL and sympathetic reference is contained in the annual report of the Bombay Volunteer Artillery to the loss which it sustained when its late Colonel, Mr. Justice Russell, was compelled to retire early in the present year on account of his ill-health. Lieutenant-Colonel, Louis P. Russell, was a most keen and enthusiastic volunteer officer, than whom none could have been more popular with his men, and he held command of the Corps for nearly eight years, from August 1902 to March 1910. "During the period of this command," says the report, "he became closely acquainted with all ranks and a very striking proof of his popularity was shown when over 70 members marched from Mahaluxmi camp to his house to wish him farewell and a speedy return to Bombay." After his departure, Major Hawes, commanding No. 1 Company, took temporary command, until the permanent appointment was announced of Lieut-Colonel A.K. Leslie, under whom the Corps is bound to go on and prosper. Major Hawes issues the present report, and while he expresses satisfaction at the keenness and increased efficiency of the men, remarks that a good deal of improvement must still be made at heavy gun practice. The report on the firing done at the inspection of the Bombay Companies points out that while the drill and laying were good in each series, and the rate of fire was very fair, the actual hits recorded were few. Increased attention to this practice is therefore urged during the coming season. A matter for congratulation is that No. 4 Company at Ahmedabad, after waiting from July 1909, has at last had a sergeant-instructor appointed to it, two 12 pr. guns have been issued, and the Company is now able to get to work. The Company has certainly been badly treated by the authorities in being compelled to stand idle for so long, and if this has no prejudicial effect on the interest taken by the men in their drill and their efficiency at the end of the year, it will be very creditable to their spirit. It is pointed out that this Company having been given no opportunity of making itself efficient, accounts for the large number of non-efficients which appears in the returns. These show the Corps to be 336 strong, and now that No. 4 Company has at last been given a start, there are hopes for a very successful year generally. Finally, appreciative reference is made to the services of Sergeant-Major Solley, who, after being attached to this Corps since 1901, recently took his discharge from the Army, and with his family sailed for Australia in July last.

THE Viceroy is expected to arrive in Allahabad on the 9th of November.

THE Hon. Mr. B. Robertson left Madras for Bombay on Sunday night.

LORD MINTO and a small party will shoot in the Dhami Preserves at the end of this month.

THE Viceroy and party will visit Haldera about the 20th and leave there about the 30th instant.

To prevent the continuation of the crimes recently committed in Crete, the Government is strengthening the gendarmerie.

IT is stated that the new oil-driven U. S. destroyer "Paulding," which has been undergoing speed tests, has created a record by covering 33·94 knots in an hour.

THE powerful Zemmer Zair Zaian and Tadla Kabyles have, says a Tangier telegram, agreed upon a defensive alliance against raids such as that recently carried out by the French troops.

THE Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir has been pleased to approve the proposal for the Proclamation Pillar and Minto Park at Allahabad and has consented to be a patron of the movement.

THE HON'BLE MR. ATKINSON; of the Madras Council, inspected St. Bartholomew's Hospital at Ootacamund on Monday, it is understood, with the object of the hospital being taken over by Government.

DUE to the derailment of a travelling crane and seven goods vehicles at 20-30 yesterday, near Bahal, between Bahal and Bhakkar, the line is blocked for traffic. Passengers, etc. are being transhipped and the passenger service between Shersha and Thindian is delayed and is hoped to be through this evenining.

LADY MINTO and Colonel Brooke returned to Simla on Monday, after inspecting the camp sites. Lady Eileen Elliott, Lord Francis Scott, Colonel Sir Warren and Lady Crooke Lawless, started for the Pindari Glacier in the Kumaon hills this morning, and return to Simla early in October.

THE Simla Branch of the St. John Ambulance Association, has just presented to the public of Simla a rubber-tyred ambulance carriage, for street accidents and the removal of cases to the hospital, and the municipality has consented to its being kept in the Fire Brigade station.

LORD and Lady Hardinge of Penshurst, accompanied by Mr. Du Boulay; Private Secretary Major Maxwell, Military Secretary, Major H. F. Fraser and Captains W. Astor and Weld-Forester, Aides-de-Camp, will sail in s.s. "Persia" from Marseilles on Friday, the 4th November, for India.

INTIMATION has been received that in addition to the horses lately landed in Bombay from England for H. H. the Kour Sahib of Patiala another horse has been secured in England for the same owner and is intended for the Viceroy's cup. The horse is coming out on board a French steamer.

LIEUT.-COL. CHARLES JOSHUA TUFNELL Oakes, of Kilkee, co. Clare, a Crimean and Indian Mutiny veteran, formerly of the 12th Suffolk Regiment and the old West Suffolk Militia, who died on July 3, aged seventy-six, left personal estate in the United Kingdom valued at £1,010 of which £205 is English estate.

THE engagement is announced of Mr. Geoffrey N. Foster, a member of the famous Worcestershire cricket brotherhood and who was recently with H.H. the Jam Sahib at Jamnagar to Miss Meta Cammell, daughter of the late Mr. Charles Cammell and Mrs. Cammell, of Haworth Hall, Hull. Mr. Reginald Foster also married a Miss Cammell.

A NEW trade, having an important industrial bearing, has sprung up and is rapidly developing at Ellesmere Port. Large steamers are taking cargoes of basic slag to the South of France, Italy, Spain, and other vine-growing countries. Mountains of the material named lying around ironworks in the Midlands and Wales, which were formerly regarded as waste, have been found to be magnificent soil food for vines. Remunerative prices are being obtained.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, AUGUST 26.

A NOTABLE event at the recent Redhill athletic sports was a special 220 yards scratch race. This was included in the programme for the purpose of giving R. C. Craig of Michigan University an opportunity of competing. The American had not run since he beat F. E. Ramsdell in the 220 yards Intercollegiate Championship of America in the wonderful time of 21 1-5 secs. Still his class was so good that most people expected him to win. R. E. Walker, of South Africa, was one of his rivals, and on drawing the inner position, he offered it to Craig. This was a nice action, but the American is also a good sportsman and declined to be favoured. Walker's advantage of having the inside enabled him to enter the straight with a three yards lead on Craig, and though the latter then gained rapidly, he could not quite stay home (being unfit) and Haley, of London, managed to run into second place, finishing about four feet behind Walker. The time was 22 4-5 secs., which, on a holding grass track and around a sharp turn, was not bad running. Craig strikes the eye as a likely runner, and home sportsmen will be pleased should he visit England for the championships next July, as is likely.

RECORD BREAKING.

Records are harder to beat now than twenty years ago, and there are few "soft" times for distances under 21 miles. On this account, one can greatly appreciate M. W. Sheppard's recent feat of running 500 yards in 57 3-5 secs. and 600 yards in 1 min. 10 4-5 secs., both in the one race. The times are one-fifth of a second inside the previous best on record, T. E. Burke holding the 500 yards, while the Boston runner and E. H. Montague of England each did 1 min. 11 secs. for 600 yards.

Sheppard lost some of his form soon after the Olympic games, but his second performances show that he is now at the top of his form, and should he beat the half miles record (1 min. 52 4-5 secs. by E. Lunghi), it will not surprise many sportsmen.

SWIMMING.

There is not the slightest doubt about the general public being greatly interested in swimming, and this satisfactory state of affairs is greatly due to the enterprise of those who have promoted long distance races of late years. One of the most popular events of the season is the race from Richmond to Blackfriars, about 15 miles, but as the competitors have the assistance of the stream and tide, the ordeal is not so severe as the distance would suggest. One reason the race attracts so much attention is, because it is open to both sexes. There was a keen desire to see how Miss A. Aykroyd of America would perform, she coming here with a great reputation. Unfortunately for the fair haired visitor, she had to stop after going three miles, on account of the cramp. She would have had to do something very big however to beat Miss O. Carson of Leicester, who accomplished a really wonderful performance by finishing fifth in the actual race, and beating many well known men swimmers. There were 35 men and 14 women competitors, of whom T. S. Battersby and H. Taylor stood out prominently. They went away from the start. Battersby finally winning by about 3 1-2 mins. from Taylor in 3 hours 21 mins. 21 secs., the next arrival, Blatherwick, being over 22 mins. behind the winner. Miss Carson finished the journey in 3 hours 51 mins. 26 secs., and beat the second lady by over 10 mins. Races such as the one under notice induce thousands to take up swimming, and the advance of the sport among the fair sex is most pleasing.

FOOTBALL.

The return of the Association footballers from their tour in South Africa has been followed by the usual crop of interviews with the prominent men. All speak well of their treatment, and the future of the soccer game in South Africa, where, of course, the Rugby code has the biggest following. Perhaps the most satisfactory thing about the tour is that there has been no ground for complaint against the men, on or off the field, and as this is the first time professionals have visited South Africa, this side of the question is important. There are no professionals in South Africa, and many footballers there used to be rather opposed to the "pro".

It goes without saying that an amateur is to be preferred to a professional, but when a man is keen on the game, and cannot afford to pay his own expenses, it is far more honest that he comes out openly as a professional.

The Scottish League campaign is now in full swing, and Motherwell tops the table with 4 points for 2 games. This team did well to beat Dundee by 3 goals to 0 on Saturday, and another notable success was the victory of Falkirk over Celtic by 2 goals to 1. Thus the champions have experienced an early defeat, but they often start badly and finish up well. It is pleasing to see Queen's Park winning, and the success against Hamilton shows that the amateurs are still a power in Scottish Football.

CRICKET.

The invitation to Llewellyn, a native of South Africa, to accompany the South African team to Australia, shows the weakness of the laws regarding qualification. Should Llewellyn accept, he will lose his residential qualification for Hants, a decided injustice. Naturally we must have laws to prevent a man changing his country as will, but he should always be entitled to represent his native country without having to suffer for his loyalty.

SURREY'S FINE WIN.

No better match has been played this season than that between Kent and Surrey at the Oval this week. The luck of the game was about equal, D. W. Carr of Kent and Smith of Surrey both being on the injured list towards the end of the match. It may be mentioned that the match was chosen by Apted., the ground man, as his benefit, and the Prince of Wales (as the landlord of the Oval) sent a donation and a message wishing him success. Good bowling and keen fielding was the feature of the game, only M. C. Bird of Surrey (77), surpassing the half century. Another amateur in I. P. F. Campbell, the Repton schoolboy, batted stylishly and made 27 in each innings. Further honours went to E. C. Kirk, who is in a London bank, and who did a lot to help Surrey win the game by taking 7 wickets for 50 runs. It was the bowling of Smith, however, which troubled the Kent players most, his 6 wickets for 54 in the second innings being a big performance. Amateurs were well to the fore on behalf of Kent, D. W. Carr taking 5 wickets for 54 runs, while F. H. Knott (47), K. L. Hutchings (43 and 27) and C. V. L. Mooman (34) were successful with the bat. Mention must also be made of the bowling of Woolley, who secured 5 wickets for 22 runs in the second innings of Surrey. While the success of Surrey cannot prevent Kent winning the championship, it gives the Ovalites a big chance of finishing second, the figures of the leaders at the moment being—Kent, percentage 79·12; Surrey, 60·00; Lancashire, 51·85; and Middlesex, 50·00.

THE TURF.

After promising so well at one time, the St. Leger now looks like being just of ordinary interest. The going wrong of Neil Cow is most unfortunate, as the duel between the Guiness and Derby winner alone would have made the race of exceptional interest.

After the failure of Greenback in the Great Yorkshire Stakes at York yesterday, it is also useless to expect Lord Villier's colt to upset Lemberg, and Swynford now looks to be the greatest danger to the Manton trained colt. It is all very unfortunate, a recent happenings show that would be punters are wise to stay their hands until the day of the race.

A PROMISING YOUNGSTER.

Mr. L. de Rothschild will be the guest of honour at the Gimcrack Club dinner next December, his colt Pietri having won the Gimcrack Stakes yesterday. The son of St. Frusquin-Pie Powder lost ground at the start through swerving, and probably only Maher really knows how easily he won. He is of some class, however, as he smothered the opposition of eight and must be considered for next year's Derby.

Many sportsmen will recognise that the colt is named after the plucky little Italian athlete who was the first to enter the Stadium in the Olympic Marathon race two years ago.

IN GENERAL.

Home sportsmen were interested to note that Con Kelly, of Hull, winner of the heavy-weight wrestling, at the Olympic Games, had won a boxing match in America, and he may yet make a name for himself in the fistic world.

J. Donaldson, C. R. Holway, A. B. Postle, W. Growsott, N. J. Cartmell, B. R. Day, and E. Eastman are among the crack runners who have accepted for the Pontypridd £100 sprint handicap.

J. Lemm, of Switzerland, and Iman Bux, of India, will contest a wrestling match at the Alhambra, London, on Sept. 5.

After the victory of the Canadian four in the Steward's Cup this year, much will be expected of the Ottawa eight, which it is proposed to send over for next year's Henley Regatta.

Petty Officer Curran and Jewsy Smith have agreed to box 20 rounds for £100 aside.

F. Wingrave rode 365 3-4 miles in the North Road 24 hours bicycle race, a fine performance for an unpaced event and with a big wind blowing.

THE IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The centralisation policy adopted by the Improvement Trust with respect to the question of the ownership of the land is the policy which, judged by the experience, has lapsed the city to the same state of things it wanted to enjoy freedom from, viz., overcrowding. The high walls to be seen in the shape of flats annihilating privacy and freedom; again the heavy rentals, the inevitable result of costly lands, have proved to be no longer a veritable paradise to the city, it ought so eagerly. The sole landlordism established by the Trust, and, the prohibitory conditions imposed as the value of buildings for the reasons of security, handicap, the enterprise of raising houses, into which many are willing to embark. In widening the roads, and securing sanitation the millennium has not been gained. The misery, which frighful overcrowding entails, exists as it did. It is highly gratifying that the Trust is inclined to go into the problem of making small plots, and transferring their proprietary rights to the purchasers right out. This is exactly the thing that should be done in the interest of the city, which occupies the premier position as respects commerce and trade-factors that lead to accession of wealth, drawing population. The assets of the city are valuable and large, its income is princely; and, consequently, it is in a position to bear the burden, whatever it may be, if transferred by the Trust in case of loss arising from one cause or other. With the exception of very few, situated in an exalted position, crowding universally affects. There is hardly any place in the world which is so crowded as some parts of Bombay are, as shown by statistics given by a technical paper.

Landlordism established by the Trust must vanish and decentralisation enthroned, abiding by the economical laws.—Yours, &c.,

A. B. MASTER.

Bombay, September 11th.

MATHERAN SEASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
MATHERAN, SEPT. 13.

Matheran season seems to have recommenced earlier than usual owing to the break in the rains. Rainfall up to date is only 154 against 230 last year. The weather is singularly pleasant, dry and bracing with a welcome occasional drizzling. The temperature is about 65, the nights are very cool to make warm blankets necessary. At present some European, Parsi and Hindoo families are lucky enough to take advantage of the hill when it is at its best. Everywhere there is nothing but green with beautiful flowers. With abundant waterfall the scenery from the points is simply grand and charming, with beds of green carpets all round. Occasional mist and sunshine in, the valley, which is most soothing to the eye, gives one the idea of English weather.

The Albert Victor Hotel billiard room was open for visitors yesterday. There was an interesting billiard match between Messrs Mody and Cama, resulting in a victory for the latter.

The Parsi New Year has passed off very enjoyably with a special grand dinner from the Hotel Majestic of Bombay when Mr. and Mrs. Mody were the host and hostess of the evening. Mrs. Mody extended her hospitality by distributing fresh native sweets to the boys and girls of Matheran School.

The proprietor of the Pinto Hotel has been busy making improvements in his cosmopolitan hotel and had to stay out the whole monsoon on the hill. The Albert Victor Hotel was reopened on the 10th and had a busy time during the Parsee holiday. Excellent tennis and badminton courts are recently laid out and shortly the hotel will be fitted up with electric installation of lights and fans, for which an expert electrician who is at present on the hill is consulted.

The Matheran Railway line is almost in order. The October season promises to be brisk and bright as the well known Rugby Hotel has already received orders for 35 ladies and gentlemen to arrive here on the 20th. The following are the names of the visitors at present on the hill:—Mr. and Mrs. Kaikushroo Mody. Mr. and Misses Sorabji Panday, Messrs. Cama Leskeri and Chothia.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, SEPT. 13.

2nd-Lieut. P. Johnston-Saint, Unattached List, is appointed to the Indian Army and posted to the 128th Pioneers.

Major N. E. Tilney, R. F. A., is appointed to "S." Battery, Royal Horse Artillery and embarks for India on the 5th October.

Lieut. T. C. Lawes, R. G. A., is appointed to No. 104 Heavy Battery, R. G. A., at Roorkee.

Lieut. Fane, 93rd Coy., R. G. A., Ceylon, is posted to No. 61 Coy. R. G. A. at Katapahar.

Lieut. Rositer, No. 14 Company R. G. A., Shoeburyness, is posted to No. 70 Coy. at Fort William.

Major General Cowan, Commanding Presidency Brigade, has been selected for appointment as Director General of the Territorial Force.

Colonel Vaughan, 10th Hussars, has been selected to fill the appointment of Commandant of the Cavalry School at Netheravon which falls vacant in January next.

An exchange has been approved between Lieut. Mitchell, 12th Lancers, and Lieut. Richardson, Lenster Regiment.

THE "Tanin's" rather startling naval programme is well worth serious attention as an indication of the new Turkish spirit. This influential Turkish organ not only calls for a two-Power standard as against Greece; it even suggests that Russia might drop her Black Sea fleet, or, rather, send it round to amalgamate with the Baltic fleet, leaving Turkey to maintain the neutrality of the Black Sea. How Germany would take this change of naval force in Northern waters, and whether it would not be taken as signifying a definite resignation of special interest in Balkan matters by Russia, are points which the "Tannin," apparently, does not discuss.

ONE hundred and fifty applications, we are informed, have been received by the Exhibitions Department of the Board of Trade for space in the new British section of the Brussels Exhibition "All the best class of exhibitors," it was stated, "are still with us. The pottery section, which was so greatly admired, will be as fine as ever. All the big furniture exhibitors will also show again. In fact, there will be a good representative list of the old exhibitors in the new home of the British section, and some new ones." The space has still to be allotted. Some of the exhibitors have asked for more than before. Preference, of course, must be given to the old before the new exhibitors.

THE LABOUR TROUBLES.

MEETING OF TRADES UNION CONGRESS.

Discourteous Treatment of a Peer.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 12.

Earl Fitzwilliam, who is Lord Mayor of Sheffield, proceeding to welcome the Trades Union Congress met with a mixed reception. A Labour Member protested against his presence and several delegates were walking towards the door, when the President intervened and restored order.

Earl Fitzwilliam said he welcomed the Congress as an employer. He was not ignorant of the difficulties of labour.

The Unionist M.P., Mr. Samuel Roberts, welcoming the Congress, warned the workers that there must be loyalty to the Trades Unions and the masters.

Mr. Tudor Walters, M. P., said he wished to see the Osborne judgment so dealt with, that the Trades Unions would be able to proceed with their beneficent work.

LATER.

The Manchester Cardroom workers having failed to comply with the demand for the immediate acceptance of arbitration, the employers are proceeding with their arrangements for a meeting on the 19th instant *re* the lock-out.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

The Employers Federation has replied to the Shipbuilding Trades Unions Committee stating that the Federation will meet at Carlisle on Wednesday, when it is understood that the request for a conferen . will be considered.

MURDER DURING HAVRE STRIKE.

Trade Union Secretary Suspected.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

Strikers have murdered a working dock labourer at Havre, battering his head in with stones. The murder appears to have been deliberately planned by the Union, whose secretary and two other members have been arrested.

LORD ROSEBERY'S TOUR.

LONDON, SEPT. 12.

The Austrian Press is delighted with Lord Rosebery's visit. They declare that it marks a significant change in the attitude of England towards Austria-Hungary. The ill-feeling over the annexation of Bosnia has been dispelled, and the old friendly relations re-established.

TURKEY AND THE GREEK CHURCH.

LONDON, SEPT. 12.

Reuter telegraphs from Constantinople that that the Patriarchate has adjourned the meeting of the Assembly, and the question will now enter on a period of negotiation between the Patriarchate and the Government.

CHINESE PIRATES.

Slaughter on River Steamer.

LONDON, SEPT. 12.

Chunchuse pirates, who were among the passengers, held up and pillaged a Russian river steamer below Harbin, killing two of the owners and wounding many of the crew and other passengers.

CORONATION ARRANGEMENTS.

LONDON, SEPT. 12.

Arrangements for the Coronation are getting in hand. A high authority says that there will be a great pageant of the Empire, and every Dominion and Dependency will be represented. The Premiers of the Colonies and other Ministers will be invited. Troops will come from every part of the globe.

An Imperial Conference will be held immediately prior or subsequent to the Coronation.

CHARGES AGAINST MEAT-PACKERS.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

The Chicago Federal grand jury has indicted ten high officials of the Swift, Armour and Morris meat-packing companies, charging them with combination and conspiracy for illegal monopoly.

LATEST LONDON BETTING.

LONDON, SEPT. 12.

The latest betting on the Cesarewitch is :—9 to 2 against Bronzino, 9 to 1 against Pure Gem, 100 to 6 against Laughing Mirror, 18 to 1 against Shuletoi, 25 to 1 against Venture and Brilliante Colt, and 100 to 3 against Bonne Chance.

The betting on the Cambridgeshire is :—100 to 7 against Christmas Daisy and 20 to 1 against Lona Wand.

HOWITZER FIRE ON AN AIRSHIP.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

Howitzers firing at a two miles' range shattered the dummy airship over Whitsand Bay yesterday.

THE CANADIAN RIFLES.

Inspection by the King.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 12.

The King to-day inspected a detachment of the Canadian Rifles at Balmoral. The Officers will dine with His Majesty to-night. Mr. Haldane will inspect the Regiment on Thursday. The Regiment is having a week's entertainment, after which it will rejoin the manœuvres.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

King George, addressing the Canadian Rifles, trusted that their example would be followed by many regiments from the other Dominions.

His Majesty conferred on Sir H. Pellatt and Lieut-Colonel Mason, the Third Class of the Victorian Order, on the Majors and Captains the Fourth Class, and on the senior non-com' he silver medal of the same Order.

LAND TAX RETURNS.

Difficulty of Filling up the Forms.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

Owing to widespread complaints of difficulties of land-owners in filling up land-tax forms, Mr. Lloyd-George will confer on Wednesday with a few persons especially conversant with the difficulties. The Conservative organs describe this as an admission by Mr. Lloyd-George of the puzzling vexatious nature of the returns.

HONGKONG UNIVERSITY'S APPEAL.

Indian Mistakes to be Avoided.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

The *Times*, publishing an account of the Honkong University, refers to the German guarantee of £10,000 yearly to the High School at Kianchau and trusts that the University's appeal to the British public will not be in vain.

Explaining the objects of the University the *Times* declares that mistakes of the Indian educational policy will as far as possible be avoided. Students will reside in the University or hostels. They will be closely shepherded and not left to their own devices.

SOUTH AFRICA INDIAN DIFFICULTY.

Its Imperial Character.

DEPORTEES' MESSAGE TO THE KING.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

Lord Ampthill, in a letter to the *Times*, says neither Government nor Parliament has understood that the treatment of Indians in South Africa is a matter of Imperial concern and not purely a local affair. If the situation were freely and frankly explained to our colonial kinsmen at the Imperial Conference, they would be glad to come to an agreement.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 13.

The Indian South African League of Madras has sent the following cable to the King-Emperor :—"The South African Deportees reembarked by the steamer "Sultan" to seek readmission to the land of their birth or adoption, relying on the equality of British subjects according to Queen Victoria's proclamation, and the Emperor Edward's message, and depending on your Gracious Majesty to remove the unjust laws. The Indian South African League prays for your gracious intervention."

CANADA AND THE ENGLISH TONGUE.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

At the Eucharistic Congress, Archbishop Bourne urged the extension of the English language in Canada, otherwise the work of the church would be hampered.

THE BRUSSELS FIRE.

No Claim by British Government.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

The British Government has decided from friendly motives not to claim damages from Belgium, in respect to the Exhibition fire.

AMERICAN ELECTIONS.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

The Democrat, Mr. Plaisted, has been elected Governor of Maine, where the Democrats are carrying the elections to the Legislature.

LATER.

The election of Democrats in Maine is most significant as it has hitherto been a Republican stronghold.

SIR ARCHIBALD HUNTER.

Received by the King.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

Sir Archibald Hunter visited Balmoral yesterday and was received in audience by His Majesty on his appointment to Gibraltar.

LORD KITCHENER VISITS THE KING.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

Lord Kitchener is visiting Balmoral.

AVIATION MEETING FOR INDIA.

Allahabad-Mirzapur Flight.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 13.

Captain Wyndham and Mr. Roe have been definitely engaged to fly at the U. P. Exhibition. The latter is bringing out a special new machine. It is also hoped that besides these two gentlemen, Captain Maitland of the Essex Regiment will also be able to come out.

The Aviation meeting at Christmas will be open to all amateurs, provided sufficient prizes are forthcoming. A prize has been offered by a resident of Mirzapur to the first aviator to reach Mirzapur from Allahabad after a non-stop run.

TRAVANCORE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TRIVANDRUM, SEPT. 13.

There was an ordinary meeting of the Travancore Legislative Council yesterday at 12 noon, Dewan Rojagopalchariar being the President. Mr. Krishna Nair and Mr. J. A. Richardson, the new European member for the planting community, took their seats for the first time. Mr. Richardson thanked His Highness' Government for having nominated a member as representative of the planters, and requested the Dewan to convey his own thanks and those of his constituents for the privilege.

Application for leave to introduce two bills to amend the Revenue Recovery Regulation Code and the Criminal Procedure Code was made. Leave was granted.

A bill to amend the regulation to regulate the cultivation, manufacture, possession, transmission, and the import, export and sale of tobacco was introduced by Mr. N. Subrahmanya Iyer, the Census Commissioner. The principle of the Bill affirmed, the Bill was referred to a Select Committee to report within two months. Another bill to amend the regulation and consolidate and amend the law relating to the improvement and expansion of salt manufacture, and the efficient collection of salt revenue was introduced. Its principle being also affirmed by the Council, the bill was referred to a Select Committee to report within two months. The High Court Regulation Amendment Bill and the Census Bill were both finally passed by the Council and were submitted to His Highness the Maharaja for assent. The Select Committee report on the Registration Regulation and amendment of the bill, with the bill amended by the Committee, was presented and considered, and reserved for a final reading. The Council then dispersed.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT IN HYDERABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, SEPT. 13.

News of a disaster on the Hyderabad-Godavery Railway at mile 229-30 at a place called Mutgi, reached Secunderabad early this morning. From official information to hand, it appears that the No. 48 down train which leaves Manmad at 12-15 a. m., ran into a nulla, the bridge over which had been washed away, and the engine and the brake-van became submerged, the engine staff and the 2nd guard being missing. Heavy rain fell generally throughout the district last night, A relief train conveying a breakdown gang and the Loco Engineering Traffic Manager and medical officials left for the scene at 9 a.m., this morning, and news of the missing persons is eagerly awaited at Secunderabad.

AUSTRALIAN SACK IMPORTATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 13.

The attention of the Government of India has recently been drawn to an extract from the Commonwealth of Australia Gazette No 9, dated 15th February 1908, being a proclamation made by his Excellency the Governor General of that Colony, in which the following conditions and restrictions have been imposed in respect of the importation of corn sacks into Australia. (1) That the sacks shall comply with the following standard size :—41 inches by 23 inches. Weight when baled 2¼ lbs. substance, 8 porter 9 shot. (2) That the bales containing the sacks shall be plainly branded or marked with the trade name, measurement, weight, porter and shot of the sacks therein contained. (3) That the importation of corn sacks contrary to the foregoing conditions is prohibited as from the 15th May 1908.

The Government of India understands that the conditions of the proclamation will be stringently enforced and that the penalties for importing corn sacks not complying with these conditions include the forfeiture of the sacks. It is also important to note that whilst the weight specified in the proclamation is that of the sacks when baled, the explanation of short weight by excessive evaporation will not be seriously considered, and no allowance in exceptional cases on that account in excess of ten pounds per bale will be permitted.

RANADE INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE.

Opening Ceremony.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 13.

His Excellency Sir George Clarke performs the opening ceremony of the Ranade Industrial Economic Institute on Thursday next. This Institute has been established as a memorial to the late Mr. Justice Ranade, the funds collected exceeding one lakh of rupees. The principal feature of the Institute is a techno-chemical laboratory for experimental and research work, in connection with new industries. The Institute also provides for a bureau of industrial and economic information, and a scholarship fund.

SIR ARTHUR LAWLEY'S SUCCESSOR.

Sir Lawrence Jenkins' Name Mentioned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

OOTACAMUND, SEPT 13.

Sir Lawrence Jenkins's name is associated with the appointment of Government of Madras to succeed Sir Arthur Lawley though no official information is available in this connection.

UNITED PROVINCES EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 13.

The Intelligence Bureau at the Allahabad Exhibition will be under the charge of a special officer, whose functions will be to bring purchaser and sellers in touch with each other, and to give general information.

LORD AND LADY MINTO.

Mahomedan Garden Party.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 13.

The Viceroy and the Countess of Minto were entertained at a Garden Party at Bantony here by the members of the Mahomedan Community. The weather was perfect and there was a large and distinguished gathering including the Governor of the Punjab, the Commander-in-Chief, Members of the Viceroy's Executive Council and most of other principal European residents and their families and a very large number of Mahomedan gentlemen, many of whom had come from long distances to be present.

Their Excellencies were received on their arrival by the promoters of the entertainment, comprising the Hon'ble Nawab Abdul Majid, Allahabad, Hon'ble Khan Zulfigar Ali Khan, Hon'ble Lieut Malik Umar Hyat Khan, Nawab Rustom Ali Khan, Nawab Ebrahim Ali Khan, Lieut Malik Mumtaz Mohamed Khan, Fakir Syed Ifthan Khan Uddin Hon'ble Lieut Malik Mubarik Khan, Hon'ble Mian Mohomed Shafi, Khwaja Ghulam Sadig, Malik Mohamed Hyat Khan, Khan Bahadur Baksh, Nawab zada Umardaroz Ali Khan, Nawab Saifullah Khan, Mir Mahomed Khan, Hakim Ajmal Khan, Khan Saheb Asizuddin and K B. Dureshi Riaz Husen. Amongst other distinguished members of the community were the Hon. the Raja of Mamudabad, Mr. Aziz Mirza, Secretary, All India Moslem League, Hakim Hariqul Mulk Ajmal Khan of Delhi, and the Nawab of Laharu, the last named of whom had the honour of lunching with the Viceroy before the gathering.

Their Excellencies spent more than an hour and a half conversing with their hosts and their friends. The Lieut. Governor and the Commander-in-Chief remained even longer.

PROSCRIBED LITERATURE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 13.

The Frontier Provinces Government has declared the following publications as forfeited under the Press Act.—Indian National Songs published in English by F W Shah and C N Desai printed at Gujarat Patra Press, "Mukti Kon Pathe," "Anal Prabha," "Vandana" part one and two, all in Bengali, published in Calcutta and also two other Bengali pamphlets, "Holoki" and "Muktimantra."

LAHORE, SEPT. 13.

The "Indian Home Rule" by M. K. Ghandi is among the books proscribed by the Frontier Government.

APPEAL AGAINST DEATH SENTENCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, SEPT. 13.

The judgment was delivered yesterday by the Judicial Commissioner in Basnera dacoity appeals in which thirteen men were under sentence of death. The Judges acquitted five of the appellants, sentenced seven to transportation for life and confirmed the death sentence passed on Banke, a Brahman, who was found guilty of causing the death of a fellow dacoit. The judgment showed that Parag and Patandin are the real murderers of the Zemindar and his brother.

MEERUT MURDER CASE.

Accused Claims Trial as European Subject.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 13.

Dudman, accused in the murder case, claims to be tried as a European British subject, Dudman is nephew of Mr Puech, a Zemindar of Meerut District, and both the Dudman brothers lived in Mr Puech's banglow with their mother. Mr Puech is now in England. Prosecution witnesses were four servants of Mr Puech who at first deposed before the Magistrate that they saw Babalogs fighting, but later on denied all knowledge of the occurrence. It is said that the Magistrate will take action against them under S 193 Penal Code.

SIMLA AMATEUR DRAMATIC COMPANY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 13.

The Simla Amateur Dramatic Company will produce "The Mikado" on the 17th instant and following days. The following is the cast.—"The Mikado," Mr. Boughey; Nanki Poo, Captain Hewett; Ko Ko, Captain Talbot; Pooh Bah, Major Drake; Pish Tush, Mr. Cama; Yum Yum, Mrs. Yates Hunter; Pitti Sing, Mrs. Macpherson; Pete Bo, Miss Dane, and Katisha, Mrs. Twinning.

ATTEMPTED TRAIN WRECKING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 13.

Another case of attempted train-wrecking was reported to the Howrah District Police today. It is stated that No. 16 Down passenger train on the Howrah-Amta Railway was proceeding to Howrah Maidan Station yesterday when the driver noticed a rail placed across the line. The train was brought to a standstill and the obstruction was removed, after which the train proceeded on its journey. It is stated to be the fifth attempt which has been made on the Railway in the course of last month. No arrests are reported.

FLOODS IN BURMA.

Railway Line Washed away.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPT. 13.

The large Irrigation Tank at Nyaungyan near Meiktila has burst owing to the floods and a large portion of the Rangoon-Mandalay Railway line has been swept away in consequence. As the inhabitants and Railway officials in the locality had been given ample warning, it is probable no lives were lost, but great damage is feared, the amount of which has not been as yet ascertained. Portions of Meiktila town have been flooded, but the Meiktila Lake is reported to be free from floods.

FATHER MULLER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TUTICORIN, SEPT. 13.

Father Muller, S.J., the great South Indian Homeopathist, who lately left Mangalore after his severe illness for a sea voyage, will leave Colombo on the 17th instant and expects to reach Calcutta on the 24th idem. While in Calcutta Father Muller will be the guest of the Archbishop of Calcutta and stay at Archbishop's House.

LALA LAJPAT RAI is expected to leave England shortly for India.

MIDNAPUR DAMAGE SUITS.

Judge and Counsel on Long Cross-examination.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 13.

Santosh Das was again cross-examined by Mr. Norton this morning, this being the 21st day of the hearing and the 8th day of Santosh's evidence. He was questioned closely as to the discrepancies between the account of his adventures supposed to have been supplied to the Midnapur newspaper and his present evidence and said in each case that mistakes had been made by the editor, if he gave the same version to Mr. Macpherson in certain respects as appeared in the paper, that too was a mistake. He said, the Moulvie told him in the Magistrate's presence that just as Government recognised the services of friendly Indian Chiefs in the Mutiny, so the services of his family would be recognised if he and his brother assisted the Government in these troublous times. M. Weston added that he need not be afraid of the Raja and Jamini Mullik and others as he (the Magistrate) would see that they were transported for fifty years.

Mr. Norton later said, he did not think he was bound to put the witness substantially every question.

Mr Justice Fletcher :—I hope you will not do so; you should have some regard to the litigants. It seems to me that such cross-examination in a case like this may amount to abuse. You must remember that when people get into litigation and when defendants are supported by Government, the parties have to meet their case and it becomes a matter for serious consideration whether they can continue litigation. Therefore I hope you will not put every detail of every possible interview to every witness.

Mr. Norton:—Am I not entitled to save my client's honour? If your Lordship says I am not, I will sit down.

Mr Justice Fletcher :—You are obviously entitled to do so, but I hope you will not go into every possible detail. This cross-examination started at 1-30 last Wednesday.

Mr. Norton :—I cannot help that.

Mr. Justice Fletcher:—You can go on, but I hope you will not go into every detail.

Mr. Norton :—I am entitled to save my client's honour and this cross-examination is necessary.

Mr. Justice Fletcher :—This is the fourth witness and if we go on like this, the case will last a very long time.

Mr. Norton :—The whole crux of the case is the statements made by these witnesses and we shall finish when Jotin is examined. The whole corroboration is among these boys I have as little desire as any to delay the case for reasons of my own.

Mr. Justice Fletcher :—Very well, but I hope it will not be as it has been.

Mr Norton :—I do not wish to go into detail, but I am entitled to call his attention to facts.

Mr. Ali Iman :—May I say one word? I mainly rely on cross-examination of my learned friend. My cross-examination will be very short indeed.

Mr. Justice Fletcher;—What do you mean by very short? The other day you said you would be short and your cross-examination lasted a day and a half. I don't call a day and a half very short. From my experience of sittings in this Court I must confess that the cross-examination in this case has gone much further than in any case I have had to deal with.

Mr. Norton :—The integrity of public officials is challenged and I am bound to properly defend them.

Mr. Justice Fletcher:—Quite true. I gather there is going to be a direct conflict of testimony in this case.

Mr. Norton:—I must have something more than conflict. I am trying to show that this man cannot be trusted.

Mr. B. C. Mitter:—The "Medini Bandhab" has given my friend much food for cross-examination.

Mr. Norton:—I think it is a most important piece of evidence.

Mr. Justice Fletcher:—I don't know but that you are making too much of it. It seems to me you have got all you can out of it. He supplied information to the "Medini Bandhab" and the statements there did not tally with the statements in this Court.

Mr. Norton :—Was I not entitled to call his attention to the omissions? Otherwise it would have been said against me that I had never given him a chance of explaining.

Mr. Justice Fletcher:—It is admitted that it contained the gross exaggeration.

Mr. Norton:—When the Advocate General opens the case, your Lordship will see what our points are. I am not very much concerned with exaggeration.

STRANDED S.S. "CRESSWELL."

Attempts to Clear her Off.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

KARACHI, SEPT. 12.

Six European firemen on the stranded vessel "Cresswell" arrived here and will be sent to England on being paid off by the Shipping Master. The vessel has sunk about 7 feet deep in the sand near the beach. Every endeavour is to be made to get her clear. One hundred coolies have been despatched to the vessel by creeks to discharge the coal consisting about 500 tons. The steamer having run short of water it is being supplied in casks from a village a few miles away. Provisions are being constantly sent from Karachi.

The Port Officer again proceeded in the tug "Richmond Crawford" to see the position of the stranded "Othello." The ascertained situation is still unchanged. She has carried away her anchor, chain and rudder, but she has drifted higher up towards the beach. After grounding she jettisoned 300 tons of coal, the rest of the cargo on board being intact. Arrangements are being made to discharge the cargo as weather moderates.

One of firemen crew believed to be suffering consumption has been brought into Karachi and removed to the Civil Hospital.

FAREWELL BALL TO LORD MINTO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 13.

A meeting of subscribers and intending subscribers to the farewell ball to their Excellencies will be held for the purpose of electing a committee at the Town Hall on Saturday the 17th September at 12 o'clock.

The Hon'ble Lieut-General Sir Douglas Haig will preside and the meeting is convened at the request of the following subscribers :—Mr. Boris Arsenieff, Mr. E. J. Brick, the Hon'ble Mr. Butler, the Hon'ble Mr. R. W. Carlyle, Mr. S. Finney, Brigadier General Hamilton Gordon, the Hon'ble Mr. L. M Jacob, the Hon'ble Mr J L Jenkins, the Hon'ble Mr A M Ker, Mr A B Kettlewell, Major General Kitson, the Hon'ble Mr S P Sinha, and Surgeon General F W Trevor. Col J Steward and Mr A P Muddiman, C S, are acting for the movement as Honorary Secretaries.

BUDDHISTIC RUINS IN THE FRONTIER.

Dr. Spooner's Report.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 13.

The Bhuddhistic ruins of the Frontier Province which last year yielded the relics of Gautama Buddha himself continued to be explored by the Archæological Department.

A report by Dr. Spooner, Superintendent, Frontier Circle, is to-day published.

It contains a detailed account of the extensive excavation he has conducted at Sahribahlol, where he has found mounds belonging to the Kushan period containing sculptures in inscribed pottery, silver and copper coins, much of which he finds definitely new to science. Dr Spooner says : "As usual the majority of the single sculptures are representations either of Budha or the Bodhisattvas. But it is remarkable that as a whole the collection is in an extraordinary state of preservation. No one sculpture is entirely uninjured, many have lost their pedestals or their haloes whether as a whole or in part, while the hands of a large number are either damaged or miss, sing. But with few exceptions the faces are almost perfect. A few have received some injury to the nose, but even this most fragile of the features is as a rule perfect in the present collection which is very unusual indeed in the relics of ancient Gunderi."

The remains of several buildings of great antiquity were also found including a quadrangle containing a monastic hall of conference and chambers for the monks with decorations in bass relief. Dr. Spooner describes another building as very solidly constructed of stone faced with stucco and originally highly ornamental. On its south face large portions of a large and very elaborate sculpture were found *in situ* together with the basis of other stone sculptures with which the stupa was originally decorated. The eastern face shows a frieze of Budha figures in stucco between Corinthian pilasters surrounded by a cornice above which run yet another stucco frieze representing legendary scenes from the life of the Budha on a scale which he finds quite exceptional for a building of such small dimensions. Of this second frieze, no trace of which remains on the other three sides, only three figures are preserved, of these the largest is a damaged figure of the Budha standing and turned to the left in the direction of two children whose figures are better preserved although one of these is headless. The one nearest the Budha is seated on the ground while the other who is nude is standing at the extreme left of the composition. Dr. Spooner concluded therefore that the scene intended is the child's offering of the handful of dust.

CONVICTION UNDER ARMS ACT SET ASIDE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 13.

Justices Holmwood and Das disposed of the rule issued upon the Deputy Commissioner of Singbhum, to show cause why the conviction of Akhilnath Dutt under the Arms Act should not be set aside. It appeared that one of the daughters of Abhiram Toong, a zemindar of Muncherpur, was married to the son of petitioner and among other presents Abhiram Toong gave a rifle to the bridgroom. Petitioner did not approve of the present and returned it to Abhiram when he came to the house of one Maheswar. Petitioner was found guilty of possessing a gun without license and fined. Their Lordships set aside the conviction and sentence on the ground that there was no evidence to show that the petitioner was now in possession of the gun.

ANOTHER FRONTIER RAID.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 13.

Another raid is reported from the Frontier. Muzaffar Khan, a Jemadar of the Border Militia, who was driving with his wife and two other passengers was kidnapped on the night of the 4th instant some miles away from Bannu. His wife was stripped and robed and the fate of two passengers is not known.

The Frontier Provinces Government has sanctioned an allowance of Rs. 100 to the heirs of Tahsildar Ghudamsarvar Khan who was recently shot by raiders.

THE PAN SCARE IN BENGAL.

No Cause for Alarm.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 13.

The Special Committee, appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor, has completed its investigations into the pan-poisoning scare. A full report has been forwarded to the Lieutenant-Governor at Darjeeling and a resume will be published in the course of the present week. While details of the report are not yet available for publication, it may be stated at once that the distinguished medical men have found no occasion for alarm. It is understood, in fact, that there has been no death from pan-poisoning so far and one that was said to have been due to it was actually traced to widely different causes. It will probably be found that the report confirms the explanation already published as to the cause of the scare. A number of experiments were made with cats and other animals, but no symptoms of poisoning were developed. The symptoms which gave rise to so much alarm among the devotees of pan were chiefly due to the use of unripe areca nuts.

THE "YUGANTAR" LEAFLETS CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 13.

The case in which Mahendranath Chatterjee was charged with having printed the "Yugantar" leaflets at his hand-press in his house in Chorebagan and thereby committed the offence of sedition, was concluded yesterday by Mr. Swinhoe. This accused was found guilty under section 124 A. I. P. Code, and was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment. The case against the alleged author is proceeding.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 13.

A despatch has been received from the India Office regarding the future working of the Nagda Muttra Railway, wherein the Secretary of State has invited the opinion of the Government of India on the terms of the control with the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

SUSPECTED INCENDIARISM NEAR DACCA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 13.

Yesterday at noon the house of Mr. Huq, a Mahomedan mukteer of Khulna, said to be a relation of a police officer of Dacca caught fire. It is believed that the fire is the result of incendiarism.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

Annual Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 13.

At the annual meeting of the St. John Ambulance Association, held at the Viceregal Lodge on the 9th September, Sir O'Moore Creagh took the chair in the absence of the Viceroy. Lady Minto, Sir Louis Dane, Surgeon-General Lukis, the Hon'ble Raja Sir Harnam Singh, Mr. A. M. Ker, Mr. Orange, Sir T. R. Wynne, Surgeon-General Trevor, Col. Sir W. Crooke Lawless, Mr. Blackham and Mr. V. Gabriel were also present.

The Commander-in-Chief proposed that Lord and Lady Hardinge be appointed president and patroness respectively of the Indian Branch, and expressed the deep regret the Association felt at the departure of Lord and Lady Minto. Sir T. R. Wynne seconded the motion.

Surgeon General Lukis then said :—"It gives me great pleasure to propose that we should elect their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Minto, honorary life members of the branch. This is a proposal which will, I am sure, meet with your heartiest approval. When their Excellencies accepted the appointment of president and patroness respectively of the Indian branch, they took over an association that was, I may say, without form and void and which was certainly on the point of expiry. The interim report which is now before you shows the enormous improvement that has been made last year, and that the Indian Branch of the Association is now in a most flourishing condition. All this improvement and progress is very largely due to the keen personal interest, which has been taken in our affairs by their Excellencies, and we owe them a very deep debt of gratitude on that account. It is to her Excellency the Countess of Minto that we are especially indebted for the keen personal interest which she has shown in our affairs, and it is entirely due to her advice and initiative that we have done as much as we have. She has rendered us the most valuable assistance in the tiding over of many difficulties. She has, moreover, helped the movement enormously by encouraging and developing the various ladies' classes which have been held in Simla during the last two years, by permitting them to be held in the Viceregal Lodge, and by herself going through the course of instruction both in first aid and home nursing, thereby qualifying for the medal given by the Association. But her Excellency has done even more, because, although she gained her medal last year, she has also attended nearly all the classes at the Viceregal Lodge this year, and has acted as a most able and efficient demonstrator to the Association. We have, therefore, very grateful to her Excellency for what she has done. We shall all miss their Excellencies very much when they are gone, and we hope that by electing them honorary life members of the branch, we shall bind them to us by a chain of remembrance and that they will always maintain their interest in the Indian Branch, which they have practically brought into existence or at any rate have saved from a premature death."

Mr. Ker, seconded the motion, which was carried.

Her Excellency Lady Minto said :—"On behalf of His Excellency and myself, I sincerely thank both the proposer and seconder of this resolution, for the kind remarks which they have been good enough to make. I have taken the greatest interest in the lectures, and believe that they have had a very beneficial effect in Simla. We much appreciate the privilege of being made honorary life members of the Indian Branch of the St. John's Ambulance Association, thus giving us a lasting interest in the useful work that is being carried out in this country. We earnestly hope that the progress which has been so remarkable during the past two years may continue, and that the benefits of the Association may become still more widely known throughout this vast continent. In spite of the expansion that has taken place of late, the work of the Association can only be regarded as still in its infancy, and there remains a wide field of labour, especially in the bringing home to the people of this country, the benefits which accrue from the knowledge of first aid, both to the State and to the individual, and also the paramount importance of instruction in elementary sanitation, a branch of the Association's work, which is still almost unopened, and which I believe is to be one of the features of your labour in this country in the future. The aims and objects of St. John's Association will, I feel certain, obtain the cordial support of our successors. His Excellency was much disappointed that it was impossible for him to be present here to-day owing to stress of work. We both greatly regret that the time has come for us to bid you farewell. We most heartily wish the St. John's Ambulance Association every success, and we earnestly hope that it may develop and continue to do good and profitable work in this great Empire.

Mr. Gabriel spoke of the word now being done in the Native States, particularly mentioning the Nizam of Hydarabad and the Maharaja of Scindia, after which a proposal that H. H. the Nizam, Sir Lancelot Hare and Sir H. McMahon be appointed vice presidents was duly carried.

Major Blackham after reading extracts from the report, concluded by saying that thanks to the hearty support received from their Excellencies, Lord and Lady Minto, the Commander-in-Chief, and every member of the Committee, the work of the Association was now being carried on with enthusiasm in every part of the great Indian Empire and there was every reason to hope that in a very few years there would hardly be a hamlet from Jammu to Trichinopoly, and from Bombay to Bhamo, where its courses of instruction would not be known and appreciated.

Surgeon General Lukis said we must admit that the interesting report which Major Blackham has just presented showed that material progress had been made by the Association in all directions, but there is one direction still in which I think we might make some progress. In March last in a speech made before the Legislative Council, I pointed out that the efforts of the Government of India to improve the sanitary conditions of India, were likely to prove unavailing, unless it was possible to educate the masses in the details of home hygiene, and the prevention and the spread of infection. Now, if you will turn to page 39 of the White Book to which Major Blackham has alluded, you will see that just such a course is provided for under the articles of the Association, but hitherto so far as India is concerned, this course has been practically a dead letter. The reason for this is that so far as I am aware no manual is yet in existence which deals with the subject from the Indian point of view or which is suitable for translation into the vernacular. Major Blackham and I have therefore written a manual which we think will meet all the requirements of the case. This manual is now practically ready, and we propose that the Indian Branch should publish it on their own responsibility and that it should be used as a text book for the Indian course on home hygiene. We also propose to write a very simple primer for the use of those who are not sufficiently educated to read the manual, very much on the same lines as the simple primer that I wrote for the use of midwives, and which has been so largely availed of. We hope that the Association will agree to the printing and publishing of these two works. We feel certain that the Association will not be a loser thereby. We are confident that an extension of the knowledge of home hygiene will prove an estimable boon to the masses, and that the introduction of this course will prove a means of popularising the Association amongst the Indian community. During her recent visit to Simla, I had an opportunity of discussing the subject with her Highness the Begum of Bhopal, and I was delighted to find that she took a very keen interest in it. She, herself, had been wanting to do something of the kind for a long time, but had been deterred from doing so, because she had not been able to find any work which she considered suitable for the purchase for instruction or for translation. If the Association agrees to what we propose, that difficulty will be removed. I am perfectly sure that her Highness and other Native Rulers will be only too pleased if we can introduce a course of this kind. If this is to be successful we must enlist the sympathy and the aid of medical women working in India. If they will help, success is assured. Men doctors cannot undertake classes of this kind among women. It is to the women we shall have to look, if this is to do any good. It gives me great pleasure, therefore, to see Dr. Vaughan here to-day. I hope she will agree with what I have said. I hope that she will help us, not only with her valuable journals, but her opportunities of recognising these classes."

His Honour, Sir Louis Dane, mentioned with reference to the foregoing remarks, that a sanitary primer had been translated by Dr. Staley in the Punjab, and that was in use in many schools. He had no doubt if Sir [illegible]

were sent a copy of this, he would be able to utilise anything he approved of. A fresh addition of Dr. Staley's primer was at present under preparation. He agreed with everything that Surgeon-General Lukis had said about the necessity for the spreading of knowledge of sanitation among the people. Of the best ways of doing so was by means of the special sanitation lecture classes."

H. E. Sir O'Moore Creagh put it to the meeting that they might agree to the publications suggested by Surgeon-General Lukis. The proposal was carried.

Mr. Orange referred to the question of the spread of ambulance work in schools and colleges. It was urged last year that something should be done to bring the matter to the notice of the schools in India. He referred briefly to the plans which had been under consideration. The Executive Committee had suggested before the adoption of any plan, that some provincial organization should be awaited. It was not considered to be a very favourable time for pressing centres, as the organization was not strong enough. He would like to know if the Executive Committee thought that provincial centres might be addressed with a view to the spreading of ambulance work and of the forming of ambulance classes in schools and colleges.

Sir Louis Dane thought that provincial centres were doing all they could. In Lahore this very question has been taken up very keenly. He understood that in one school there were no less than 200 students. He thought there was a great deal to be done in schools and colleges.

Sir O'Moore Creagh thought that they had better wait till Major Blacknam has been round in the cold weather; he could then see how things stood. The suggestion was agreed to. Mr. Ker said that an abstract of the accounts for the past year have been printed and circulated along with the report. I should like, however, to be allowed to make a few remarks on the financial position. Last year at the annual meeting the financial outlook was gloomy, as the Indian Branch had not even been self-supporting in previous years. It had received a donation of twenty guineas year by year since its formation, from the central organisation in London, to enable it to carry out the annual competitions for the Ambulance Challenge Shield for the Indian Railways and Volunteers. During the past year with of the help and support of your Excellencies a number of new life members have been obtained, and there is now a total of 62 as compared with only 14 prior to 1909. Under the new organization with some forty centres as compared with two the working expenses have of course largely increased, and with a future expansion, increased expenditure must be prepared for. The generous donation from His Highness the Nizam, has for the moment relieved us of financial anxiety, but unless regular donations and subscription (which are our chief source of income) are received it will be difficult to meet the increased financial responsibilities which the expansion must involve. There is a very serious item of expenditure, which I anticipate having to meet in the future, namely, that of printing, as it is obvious that the success or otherwise of an organisation of this kind must depend largely on pamphlets and circularising, as up till recently the Association was comparatively unknown in India. The manual on home hygiene, about which General Lukis has just spoken is a case in point. In other countries the Association receives substantial Government subsidies, but here we have hitherto received none. I think that we might now as we have thoroughly justified our existance ask the Government, to extend to us the help which it affords to other organization of a philanthropic nature and grant us permission to have our printing done free of charge in a Government press.

The meeting concluded after a warm vote of thanks to Colonel Sir. W. Crooks Lawless, the Hony. Secretary, which had been proposed by Sir T. R. Wynne and seconded by Surgeon General Lukis.

Major O'Kinealy, Surgeon to Lord Hardinge, will succeed the retiring Honorary Secretary.

MADRAS PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Extensive Improvements and Additions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 13.

For some time past the Public Works Authorities of the Presidency Division have been engaged in several extensions and improvements to existing public buildings in the City, and in the constructions of large new buildings.

The new extension to the Public Works Buildings in Chepauk has been completed and is to accommodate the offices of the Sanitary Engineer to Government, Inspector of Steam-Boilers and Prime Movers and the Consulting Architect to Government.

The Presidency College Buildings are also being added to by a southern extension which is intended to house the Chemical Laboratory.

A new Council Chamber for the Madras Legislative Council has been built up to the basement level and it is expected that it will be completed in sufficient time to allow of Sir Arthur Lawley opening it and if possible holding a meeting in it before his retirement.

The Eastern extension of the High Court has been completed and the Judges are sitting in them since the 5th instant.

The new extension works in connection with the Medical College have been completed and will accommodate the Chemical and Physiol Laboratories which are to be fitted up with all the modern appliances. In connection with the General Hospital there will also be established an up-to-date Laundry with a disinfecting plant. The Government Maternity Hospital as well as the Government Ophthalmic Hospital are receiving extensive additions. The Lady Lawley Ward is nearing completion and it is hoped that Lady Lawley will open it sometime early next year.

The Government Lunatic Asylum is also being considerably extended and improved, a new recreation hall being specially provided.

The Manikal Choultry in North Georgetown is to be thoroughly improved and added to.

One of the biggest works which the Public Works Department has on hand is a new building for the Engineering College which is to be removed from its present site in Chepauk and located to the east of Government House, Guindy. Land for the new building is being acquired and it is hoped that the Governor will lay the foundation stone in January.

The King's Institute of Preventive Medicine is to be provided with a refrigerating plant for preserving the vaccine serum with a view to do away with the difficulty of supplying serum to upcountry stations.

Proposals are being drawn up for building a separate Court for the Chief Presidency Magistrate at Egmore.

ESCAPE OF UNDER-TRIAL PRISONERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 13.

A Bhakkar correspondent writes:—Under-trial prisoner, Hussain Buksh, effected his escape from judicial lock-up at Bhakkar between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock on the morning of the 10th September. He was the only prisoner in the lock-up at the time and was awaiting trial before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate for the alleged offence of having in his possession burglary implements. As a rule all under-trial prisoners unless of dangerous character or with previous conviction are confined in a lock-up unfettered and this happened to be the case with the prisoner in question. While taking exercise in the courtyard during the evening the prisoner extracted an iron cross bar about two feet in length from a lamp post in the courtyard. During the night he managed with the aid of this iron bar to dig a hole about two feet in diameter through the masonry flooring of his cell. The floor is composed of concrete 20 inches thick and on top of this is a layer of pucca bricks well cemented together. After removing bricks the man bored through the concrete and made a passage about three feet deep underground which extended to outside of the enclosure wall and through this hole he is stated to have made his exit, leaving behind him the iron bar belonging to the lamp post. The hole at the exit was found to be hardly a foot in diameter.

Another under-trial prisoner is reported to have made his escape from the Amritsar Jail. The warder who was patrolling at the time has been awarded six months' imprisonment for his negligence.

DEATH OF MR. GOODAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

LUCKNOW, SEPT. 13.

The death has occurred at Muesoorie of Mr. H. Goodal, Barrister-at-Law, probably the oldest resident of the station. He was over 85 years of age.

DACCA CONSPIRACY CASE.

(FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, SEPT. 13.

The proceedings of the twenty-first day of the Dacca State trial commenced at 1-30 a.m. (Standard. Time). The witness, Mr. Abdul Sovan, O. I. D., Inspector, examined by Mr. N. Gupta, stated:—"Since my coming to Dacca, I have seen lathi-play in Anushilan Samity. I saw also boys acting as sentries at Samity gate. I saw Aksnoya Kumar Datt alias Loha and their headman, Pulin Behari Das, teaching lathi-playing. I have seen lathi-play in other centres. I arrested Loha and searched his house on the 3rd August last. The witness proved several documents found on search, including Gita, several swadeshi songs, "Gerua" (yellow coloured) cloth and "rudraksa-mala" (beads). The identified Loha and Pulin Behari."

The next witness, Rohini Kumar Sen, Court Sub-Inspector, Dacca, examined, stated:—"I searched the house of Nalini Kishora Guha of Bajrajogini in 1908 and seized some documents, including a notebook, containing the rules of lathi-play, a book entitled "Sampadak Ganer Kartabya," that is, duties of Samity managers, first and last vow of Samity members, and "Sakti Sangita." There was an Anushilan Samity at Bajrajogini. Haran Ghose, Samity Inspector, appointed by Pulin, has been teaching lathi-play at Bajrajogini Samity. I would not be able to identify Abani Kishore Guha." (The witness identified Abani Mohan Gangali.) In 1908 I enquired if Puran Chandra Ghose, of Daipur, had a son called Kaskhya Charan Ghose. On enquiry I learnt that Puran's son was Gopal, and not Kamakshya. I also enquired if there was Probhat Chandra Roy, the son of Mohim Chandra Roy, of Pataknali, but on enquiry I found none of that description."

The next witness, Surat Gupta, of Dacca College School, stated.—"I have seen lathi-play at Anushilan Samity at Madhyapara since Swadeshi movement. Charu and Bhupati used to teach lathi-play. There was one Jnanbikashini Sabha at Madhyapara, some members of which used to learn lathi-play. Dacca and Madhyapara Samities were the same. Essays used to be read in Jnanbikashini Sabha. I was a member of it. Dijendra Thakur was the Secretary. I read essays from Arya Kirti and other books I saw Pulinbehari at Madhyapara. He showed lathi-play to the members. I also used to learn lathi-play." Witness said I can't identify Pulin.

The next witness Inspector Sherafatalli Choudhuri, C.I.D., examined stated:—"I arrested Nisi Kanta Roy Choudhuri and searched the house of Aswini Kumar Guha on 3rd August last. I seised some documents, including three volumes of the Russo-Japan War, Picture of Ullaskar, Satyendra, Aswinikumar Dutt, etc."

The next witness Surendra Mohan Tarafdar, Sub-Inspector, stated:—"I and Sub-Inspector Tamsuddanar once met, in April, Jotirmoy alias Benga who was under surveillance; Jotirmo was being followed by a constable deputed to shadow him. I and Sub-Inspector N. Samsuldaha and some constables were deputed to watch over Pulin and his visitors after Pulin's return to Dacca after deportation. One night Constable Nagendra brought a man to me seen to come out from Pulin's house. He said his name to be Surendra Gupta. He was sent to the Kotwali and his real name was found to be Jogendra Gupta sent to the samity and took out copies of vows and the rules of the Samity written on the walls of the Samity in red ink."

On the Court's reassembling after launch at 2 p.m. witness Bhutonmohan Ganguli, Inspector, C.I.D., examined, stated:—"I have seen Anushilan Samity in Dacca where Pulin and several others used to play lathi and got a revolver inside a pillow."

Next the witness, the Anant Kumar Chakravarty, Inspector, C.I.D. examined, stated:—I went to arrest Dinesh and Manikya and searched their house. I did not find them at home, but on search I seized some documents including a portrait of Chatrapati Siraji, two letters written by Amulya Gupta from Dattara to Manikya, enquiring from him Pulin's whereabouts. (Identifies Manikya and Dinesh.)

The next witness Surendra Narayan Ghosh proved some handwriting of Absni Gonguli.

Next witness Chandicharam Karmaker said:—I saw Amarendra Bose an three occasions at Gunebari. He went to teach lathi-play to the boys. Witness says that Amarendra is not amongst the accused.

Next witness Hemendra Nath Chatterjee stated:—In October last I, Kashmohan Dutt, and Hareknarin Singh left Naraingunj by afternoon train with twenty three thousand rupees in seven bags for our Master Sonaton Pal at Dacca. Some six or seven people got in another compartment of our carriage. They were all Hindu Badraloks, aged about twenty. From Tangi Station after we left Joydebpur some of them were moving to and fro along footboards. Kashmohon recognised Zureshchandra Sen of Madhyapara, a man of bad character and suspected something wrong. No sooner the train left Rajendrapur then Sureschandra Sen came in and pushed Darvan Hareknarain. I remonstrated but Suresh immediately stabbed Darvan in the chest. Then one opened the door and Darvan was kicked out from the running train. Immediately the Durwan was thrown out the assailants turned upon Kash Mohan and threw him too off the carriage. They then began to throw out the bags of money. I raised an alarm for help, and the assailants fired a revolver. I was held down and the assailants stabbed on the back; then accused jumped off the running train. There were about ten fellow-passengers, but they had all gone to the other end of the carriage at the occurrence, I crawled to the passengers and begged to help but in vain. The guard came to me after the occurance. I was about two months in Dacca Hospital. The Court here rose for the day.

A JAPANESE FESTIVAL.

An interesting festival took place at the Shepherds Bush Exhibition of Saturday, Aug. 20. "More than fifteen centuries ago," so the official announcement runs, "in the era of the Kosho dynasty, the whole nation had suffered from famine for three years in succession. The Emperor commanded that at every shrine and in all the temples of the country prayers should be offered for the cessation of the famine, and this was done, the affliction was stayed, and a temple was erected by the hill of Fushimi. Since then the people have never suffered famine in that part of the country." Presumably the people in other parts of the country continued to suffer from famine; but why did so, neglecting the simple precaution adopted at Fushimi, is a question that neither the celebrants nor the crowd of visitors on Aug. 19 concerned themselves with. It was enough to know that they were privileged to witness a genuine Japanese harvest festival.

A Shinto priest conducted the preliminary devotions, which consisted of prayers and rice-offerings at a wayside shrine in the Japanese Village. Then the inhabitants went in procession through their streets, piping and drumming as they went. The succeeding programme of sports was curtailed by rain; but there was a sham fight between a swordsman and a girl armed with a spear, there was a juggling and acrobatic performance, and a "comic dance." After dark, the visitors, if they did not find the ivory and wood carvers and the other industrial artists displaying their professional skill as usual, found more than compensation in watching them publicly "made up" in suits of ancient armour and still more wonderful costumes for the final procession of the day. The sight of a fantastic figure wandering about the streets in a blue and white robe, with his head extended vertically to a height of about three feet by a yellow structure like a great French loaf, irresistibly provoked the Cockney formula "Where did you get that hat?" A sacred triumphal car, really a gem of the carver's art, surmounted by a most attractively grotesque demon or deity, also caused a good deal of amusement, which the drummers and pipers within fully shared. The procession was headed by men armed, in drum-major fashion, with the "kanabo," a rod crowned by loose iron rings—a jingling implement used by the old night watchman to conquer any criminal foolish, enough to linger when he heard its warning note. Several "happy good" also walked in the procession, such as the God of War and the God of Wealth; and among them the figure with the towering brow stood revealed as the God of Long Life.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PERFUME INDUSTRY.

A Model Factory.

THE firm of J. Grossmith, Son and Co., Wholesale Perfumers, of Newgate Street, London, enjoys world-wide fame, and deservedly so: during its seventy-five years' existence, it has built up a reputation of which the City of London in particular and England in general may be proud. The present business was established by the late Mr. John Grossmith (father of Mr. J. L. Grossmith, the present proprietor) about three quarters of a century ago, and has steadily grown to its present gigantic proportions. It was in 1851 that Mr. John Grossmith, by exhibiting at the Great Exhibition in Hyde Park and taking the only award offered for Perfumery in the British Isles, tasted the first sweets of success. Since those now remote fifties, the business has reached a high pitch of development. It is science combined with art, and that is not stating too much; indeed, the perfumer, to reach his goal requires as discerning a sense of smell as the musician an "ear." Just as it is, the musician's desire to arrange his compositions harmoniously, just as it is the painter's yearning to give colours that bleed—so it is the perfumer's ambition to produce sweet and subtle essences. Alexander the Great sighed for more worlds to conquer. Probably the sun will cease to rise and set before the firm of Grossmith find that they can no longer create new odours.

Under the instructive guidance of Mr. Grossmith, a representative had the advantage of an interesting tour of inspection of the new building which has lately been erected as an extension of the perfumery factory of this cosmopolitan firm. They have put up what they claim to be "a model factory." The new building is practically in the centre of one of the busiest and most important parts of the City of London, and is undoubtedly one of the most compact and best equipped throughout the whole of the country. It is absolutely fire-proof being built on the ferro-concrete system, without a single iron girder or wooden joist in the whole of its construction. The floors themselves are of reinforced concrete covered with wood blocks, so that all noise and dust, such as arises from ordinary joist supported flooring, is entirely obviated. The stairways and connecting doors are of teak, which eminent authorities have classed as being as safe and as fireproof as stone or iron without their crudeness. The building is lighted throughout by electricity, and every floor is warmed in winter by a new system of hot water radiators. The ventilation has received the most serious consideration. By an ingenious arrangement, the atmosphere of each floor is constantly renewed, and, when necessary, warmed the fresh air from outside being drawn through hot-water radiators by electric fans; the vitiated atmosphere being expelled at the same time.

The perfume which is distilled on the old premises as formerly, is then transferred by aerial tubes to the laboratories on the fifth floor of the new building where it is manipulated by the very latest and most up-to date machinery. From here the perfume travels to the floor below to the bottling department, where it is finally conveyed by ingeniously devised machines to the innumerable bottles in which the public best know the perfumes of his renowned house. The filled bottles are then conveyed to the finishing room where they are labelled, ribboned and boxed. The next floor is devoted to the finished stock, from which all orders are executed and transferred by electric lifts to the ground floor, where the goods are finally packed and despatched.

Other floors are allocated to the storage of fancy boxes, bottles, labels, ribbons, etc., of which there is an immense variety.

Going still further down we come to the basement, and here one is astonished at the innumerable shapes, and sizes of the bottles necessary for the conduct of the business. These are all classified into neat compartments after they have been washed and tested. A large proportion of space is devoted to the sample department. Here are prepared the attractive ranges of samples for the use of the firms agents abroad. This is a very considerable and important department inasmuch as in every country in the world the name "Grossmith" is a household word.

Going still further down we come to a well-lighted sub-basement where most of the rough packing and unpacking is carried on.

Mr. Grossmith is first and foremost an idealist as regards the individuality of British workpeople, but he is more, inasmuch as he carries his ideas to a successful conclusion. As one travels from floor to floor one is struck by the infinite care and attention which has been bestowed on the comfort of the workers. The matter of heat, light and ventilation has already been dealt with, but there are other equally important items which have not been overlooked.

On the fourth floor is a large airy recreation room appropriately furnished, well heated, lighted and ventilated, with a fully equipped kitchen fitted with every modern appliance, so that the workpeople may have their meals on the premises, well-cooked and served in an attractive manner.

Adjoining will be found the cloakroom, fitted with wardrobes for each of the workers, each bearing its particular number, besides which there are lockers (again with distinctive number) for satchels and other small articles.

The eight floors of the building are connected by means of electric lifts, and each floor has its special door with emergency lock, so that in case of fire there is an easy means of egress into the fireproof stairway which leads directly into the street.

Many other interesting features might be dwelt upon in connection with this model building—notably, the elaborate lavatory accommodation which has been installed on the most up-to-date and hygienic principles. Our representative had not only the opportunity of a thorough inspection of the premises but also of a illuminating conversation with Mr. Grossmith, a remarkable man in more ways than one. He impressed to a profound degree that idealist, Mr. Stead, who, in November, 1901, shortly after our present king uttered that memorable exortation—"Wake up, England," published in "The Review of Reviews" the record of his visit to this perfumery establishment under the suggestive title, "Where England is holding her own."

The journalist-opportunist found no mere city man but one who combined the enthusiasm of an expert with the delicate mysticism of the poet. "Do you not believe," asked Mr. Grossmith of Mr. Stead, "that flowers have souls? . . . The soul of the flower is perceptible to us in the fragrance and survives the body in which for a time it was concealed. Those of us who spend our lives in the midst of floral products know that the captured scent of a flower has life in, itself—a life capable of being destroyed but which under proper conditions never seems to die. To Mr. Stead, Mr. Grossmith seemed "a kind of floral angel of the Resurrection"—the custodian of the garnered souls of innumerable myriads of flowers. When I took my leave of him, it was, as if I had left the grotto of a magician. And that in essentially British Newgate Street. An Eastern setting in a Western sphere.

The magician is an Englishman, the direct descendant of the old Hampshire stock of the same name, who have been buried in the family vaults at St. Paris Church of Bishops Waltham for over three hundred years. Lieutenant of the City of London, and Deputy Alderman of the Ward of Farringdon Within, Mr. Grossmith has been in business all his life, and what he does not know of perfumery is not worth notice. He served his apprenticeship in Grasse, the centre of the flower growing and flower extracting districts of France.

"If there is one thing for which I can claim distinction for my firm," said Mr. Grossmith, "it is that we are constantly drawing upon our creative energy.

"We are constantly striving to produce perfumes which differ from anything else on the market. They are not only original in odour but also original in composition. Take 'Shem-el-Nessim' for example: this was suggested as a result of a visit paid to Arabia in the search of new scents."

"Of course you have been in evidence at Exhibitions?"

"We have been at most of the Exhibitions since 1851, and obtained the highest awards thereat, but we do not now find exhibiting in this way satisfactory. It is doubtless because a great number of exhibitions have degenerated into mere bazaars and are no longer educational."

"Do perfumes have their fashion—like hats, dresses and suits?" was another question Mr. Grossmith was asked.

"Individuality," he answered promptly, "may be be traced by the perfume a lady uses, but you cannot secure uniformity or fashion in scents. A perfume cannot be prescribed like a medicine. Perfumes have certain medical qualities, antiseptic and otherwise. There are some people who claim to be able to treat diseases by means of perfumery. A perfume has different results with different temperaments. The odour of the rose has very different effects upon different people, stimulating some and depressing others."

KOREA.

Effective Enforcement of Japanese Rule.

SINCE the tragic removal of Prince Ito and the absence of his fostering hand from the administration of Korea, matters have not been going quite so satisfactorily in that country, though the disaffected element has been under more rigid suppression and the outside world has known less of what has actually been going on. While, therefore, says the "Standard" the past twelve months have brought about a more effective enforcement of Japanese rule in Korea, it is difficult to say just how far it has tended toward the progress and pacification of the peninsula.

Viscount Sone, who succeeded Prince Ito as Resident-General, though having the advantage of two years' experience under that great statesman, did not prove quite equal to so onerous a responsibility when left alone, and finally gave way to increasing ill-health, and the somewhat merciless criticism to which he was constantly subjected at home. For some six months he has been living in retirement in Japan, leaving Korean affairs pretty much in the hands of minor officials, a method of administration that has not done anything to improve matters in Korea. As a last resort the Japanese Government decided to appoint Viscount General Terauchi, Imperial Minister of War, to the position of Resident-General in Korea, a selection which marks the ascendancy of the military party since the death of Prince Ito, and which may be regarded as betokening the adoption of a firmer policy in Korea. Prince Yamagata, the great rival of the late Prince Ito, and the leader of Japanese militarism, now stands chief among the Genro, or Elder Statesmen, and the new Resident-General of Korea is a loyal follower of Prince Yamagata.

Simultaneously but naturally with this change in Japanese politics, we have the announcement of a more radical method of dealing with Korea. That annexation cannot be far distant nobody will deny. The main argument against is at present is that annexation would increase Japan's financial and other responsibilities toward Korea without a corresponding increase of advantage. As Japan now has the financial, judicial, and administrative affairs of the country wholly in her own hands, many leading Japanese are disposed to think she has nothing to gain by annexation at present, but rather much to lose, as the more would undoubtedly tend to increase rebellion in the peninsula.

REPRESSION OF REBELLION.

The first move of the changed "regime" is a further subjugation of the so-called insurgents. A well-laid campaign against the rebellious sections is to commence in August next. The military preparations for this campaign are now being carried out. It is said that Japanese forces will cover the entire peninsula and root out the disaffected elements once and for all. Just what this means, it is, of course, very difficult accurately to estimate. But we can well believe that the movement will strike terror in the heart of the Korean Empire. It may mean a choice to the Koreans of absolute submission or summary annexation. Seeing the obstacles that the Koreans have put in the way of the Japanese administration, and the immense amount of money it is costing Japan to promote the peace of the peninsula, the Government may well be justified in throwing down the gauntlet and refusing to have more of this sort of thing. There are, however, those who believe that nothing short of extermination will ever quell certain of the disaffected elements in Korea. These men hold themselves to be patriots, and are convinced that it is better to die defending what they deem their liberties than to live serving the oppressor.

But the Japanese as a whole give the Koreans little credit for patriotism. Perhaps this is only to be expected, since the administration does all in its power to discourage the growth of a Korean national spirit. The idea is banished from the school books used in the schools established by Japan, and the old customs of patriotic import are done away with. It is no doubt felt that to emphasise the spirit of nationalism in Korea would be tantamount to inciting rebellion against Japan. But if the portraits of both the Emperor of Japan and the Emperor of Korea are unveiled for the veneration of the students at school and college festivals it is not difficult to imagine which one receives the real homage. Nor can it be wondered at if the Government desire to substitute the portrait of the real ruler of the country. There are many Japanese, however, who believe it would be to the advantage of the administration to take the Koreans more into the confidence of the Japanese authorities, and trust more to their good faith. These publicists and leaders of opinion are disposed to hold it a mistake to treat all Koreans as traitors and rascals.

FINANCIAL OUTLAY.

A further indication of the changes that may be expected soon in Korea is the Government's contemplation of a greatly increased expenditure in the peninsula. Recently a conference of Government officials was called in Tokio to discuss ways and means to provide the necessary funds for anticipated developments in the administration of Korea. This must necessarily tax the minds of the nation's financiers, for Japan has already laid out more money on Korea than she can really afford. In the year 1906 Japan sank £3,100,000 in Korea, and in 1907 as much as £2,900,000, while in 1908 it cost Japan no less than £3,750,000 to carry on the Korean administration, none of which could be regarded as in the nature of productive investment. In time, however, the expenditure on railways and communications may be expected to yield some profit. The amount spent on land taken by the Government for official purposes seems rather small in view of the extent of territory appropriated. The original extent of land seized for military and other official purposes was about three-quarters of a million acres; but owing to disputes a considerable portion of this was restored to claimants, the Government finally deciding to hold some half a million acres. For this rather large appropriation the authorities do not appear to have been above 4s. to an acre.

As to the past year among the insurgents, it is not easy to form an accurate judgments. Large numbers of troops—some say two army divisions—have been going about the country; but who can say just who or how many they have tracked down? Usually, the troops have gone about the peninsula in small detachments, within easy communication of one another, ready at any moment, severally or in concert, to fall upon a suspicious section or village. Fierce and bloody conflicts in this way have been recorded, but the exact number of casualties will perhaps never be know. According to official statements during the last two years, some 177 Japanese have fallen in conflict with the Korean insurgents and 277 were wounded, while the number of Koreans killed is set at 14,566. This can hardly represent or include those killed during the last few months, which would, no doubt, add considerably to the total. Thus, it is not a very large number out of a population of some ten millions; but when it is remembered that the Koreans do not look upon the fallen as rebels, but as martyrs of national repute, and that many persons not Koreans are disposed to believe that not all the killed were really rebels, the number may, to some, seem excessive.

PROGRESS OF CIVILISATION.

So far we have dealt only with the darker aspects of the Korean problem. It is only fair to bear in mind that it has a brighter side. Side by side with the suppression of rebellion and the constant clashing of patriotic interests in Korea, there has been steadily going on a progress of civilisation along modern lines, such as Korea never would have experienced but for the presence of Japan. Modern law courts have been established, and justice is now to be had. That the verdicts of the new courts almost invariably go against the Koreans seems to be only what the Japanese expect, has the natives are regarded as being inevitably in the wrong. We offer no criticism of this, but simply state it as a fact. It may possibly be true that people so long unaccustomed to justice as the Koreans have been may not understand the same and appeal to the law courts in support of questionable schemes and trickery itself. This must be left to the judgment of the public; but that the verdict of Korean courts is generally in favour of the Japanese will doubtless tend to excite suspicion and discontent. Good school of various grades have been established in Korea, though, as already suggested, Koreans are dissatisfied with the attitude of these schools towards the national spirit.

It is very difficult for the Koreans to see the consistency of regarding patriotism in Korea as a crime and patriotism in Japan as a religion. Still, as we have said, Japan feels obliged to do what she consider is for the best interests of the country. During the past year highways in Korea have been greatly improved and railway communication extended and new lines surveyed. Industrial education, especially in the direction of cotton planting and spinning, has received careful attention from the Government, with very satisfactory results. More than 2,500 acres are, or soon will be, under cotton cultivation. Sanitary measures and hospital accommodation have been pushed to an extent that has driven filth and disease out of the larger cities of Korea, a work so marvellous under the conditions, that if Japan had done nothing else for Korea, the Protectorate would have been worth while. A national banking system and improvements in coinage have also been inaugurated, which cannot fail to tell on the finance and general commerce of the country. Time would fail to tell in detail the innumerable improvements Japan has wrought in Korean civilisation, not least of which has been the purgation of the Korean Government, a reform so difficult that it could be accomplished only at the cost of substituting Japanese for native officials in all important positions.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, SEPT. 13.

The monsoon has withdrawn from the North-West of India and has strengthened slightly in the Peninsula. A feeble depression off the North Madras Coast remains unchanged. The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam and north of the Madras Coast and fairly general in Eastern Bengal, the Central Provinces and Hyderabad. A few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, Bengal, except Orissa, Bombay Deccan and South Madras Deccan.

The principal amounts are:—Toungoo, Kyaukpyu and Akyab, two inches; Minbu, one and half; Sauger Island, two; Chaibarsa, Jagdalpur and Hyderabad (Deccan), one; Chanda, four; Madras, one and a half; Masulipatam, three.

Forecast:—No important change.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Espla.	Byculla	Nadi	Fort	Colaba.
	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered.....	66·43	63·01	62·49	47·42	
Tuesday, 13th September ...	0·00	0·00	0·00	0·00	
Total.....	66·43	63·01	62·49	47·42	
Same date last year	80·80	76·44	88·43	62·63	

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., CUMBALLA HILL

September 13.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1908.	Corpdg Total 1909.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
Cumballa Hill ...	0·00	68·11	58·67	75·15

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 13TH SEPTEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 13th September, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity and temperature are generally normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture and temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in south Rajputana and clear elsewhere. Humidity and temperature are normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are generally equal to the average.

The Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the southern half of the division; Akola has had 0·69", Amraoti 0·59", Nagpur 0·38" and Chanda 4·00". Skies are lightly clouded in the north-eastern districts and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere Humidity and temperature are generally normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are heavily clouded in the north Konkan and lightly to moderately clouded in the south Konkan. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in Hyderabad; Aurangabad has had 0·13" and Hyderabad 0·96". In the Bombay Deccan, Sholapur records 0·37" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been widespread and moderate to heavy in Hyderabad, the southern half of the Central Province and on the norn Madras coast. Local rain has fallen in south-east Madras and in the Madras and the south Bombay Deccan.

Nearly general rain is likely on the north Madras coast and in the Madras Deccan, and local rain in the south Central Provinces, Hyderabad and the south Bombay Deccan. A few showers may occur on the west coast of the Peninsula and in south-east Madras.

Appended is Tuesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (12th Sept)	98·1	83·6	...	...
Jask	91·8	80·8	...	...
Muskat (12th Sept.)	92·8	82·1	...	24·12
Mirkan	99·3	78·5	...	1·64
Rawalpindi	90·9	69·9	...	26·93
Lahore	98·9	77·7	...	11·32
Sirsa	96·8	73·1	...	7·78
Ambala	90·5	75·0	...	26·39
Delhi	89·2	76·2	...	21·63
Agra	91·5	76·5	...	19·20
Saugpur	90·8	77·0	...	17·12
Jhansi	91·0	77·5	...	27·39
Cawnpore	90·7	77·5	...	25·42
Allahabad	91·6	79·5	...	21·53
Jacobabad	99·1	78·8	...	2·36
Karachi	86·0	77·0	...	12·16
Ajmer	86·9	74·7	...	16·08
Jaipur	92·2	73·1	...	13·65
Kotah	92·2	73·1	...	13·65
Bhuj	...	...	...	24·12
Dwarka	86·8	77·7	...	...
Veraval	...	...	...	13·61
Rajkot	91·5	69·0	...	31·39
Bhavnagar Para	94·1	76·5	...	24·12
Surat	89·1	76·1	...	?
Ahmedabad	94·6	74·7	...	23·72
Deesa	95·3	73·9	...	23·23
Neemuch	88·0	70·8	...	27·65
Indore	85·1	71·1	0·03	26·19
Jubbulpore	88·8	73·3	...	36·63
Saugor	87·1	72·0	...	2·51
Hosungabad	84·1	71·9	...	41·42
Khandwa	85·4	74·1	0·06	19·06
Akola	88·2	73·1	0·69	26·85
Amraoti	84·3	70·8	0·59	29·59
Nagpur	86·1	74·3	0·38	45·25
Chanda	86·6	74·0	4·00	?
Raipur	88·2	76·1	...	52·51
Bombay	86·9	79·2	...	49·36
Ratnagiri	84·3	75·9	...	73·04
Mormugao	83·0	75·7	...	72·48
Karwar	82·3	76·0	...	101·26
Malegaon	87·4	70·6	...	20·58
Ahamednagar	87·4	70·0	...	23·43
Poona	84·0	70·3	...	22·30
Bhoinpur	87·8	69·9	0·37	15·58
Sitapur	88·2	70·2	...	12·04
Begaum	86·8	64·6	...	32·79
Aurangabad	85·2	70·2	0·13	21·97
Nizamabad (Indur)	...	...	...	...
Hyderabad	86·3	70·7	0·96	17·92
Mangalore	84·3	70·3	0·02	96·96
Calicut	83·3	75·1	...	69·39
Cochin	...	...	...	...
Colombo	85·5	77·9	...	13·51
Masulipatam	87·3	74·2	3·25	27·22
Bellary	92·0	72·8	0·04	10·39
Cuddapah	92·7	73·1	0·48	29·36
Madras	92·0	71·5	1·44	17·76
Bangalore	81·8	65·3	...	25·33
Cuddalore	88·4	70·3	...	5·97
Trichinopoly	96·6	75·4	0·48	14·29
Negapatam	93·5	78·5	...	17·05

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 13th September was 29·22 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 12 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for

BY THE WAY.

THACKERAY AND HIS CONTEMPORARIES.

Thackeray, whose centenary occurs next year, was ...owed in his own day through a queer variety ...spectacles." Sarah N. Cleghorn, in the "Atlantic ...onthly," shows that he was lectured on all hands. "His sentiment," said the "Westminster Review" of ...is time reproachfully, was seldom indulged." "His pathos" leaves the eye unmoistened" His was "a cheerless creed, and false as cheerless." No man, ...ontinues this censor, would care to read 'Titmarsh' and "Yellow Plush." It is true "the salutary influence of Dickens" has relieved the savage sharpness of his pen in later works; but still, "from false taste or a deeper infirmity, he gives prominence to blots, defects," &c., and (worst of all) sees "a comic aspect in wickedness."

HARRIET MARTINEAU AND MISS MITFORD.

Ladies in particular, we are further reminded, "averted their ringlets and drew aside their crinolines from contact with the cannibal." So great a "moral disgust" did Harriet Martineau feel, as she perused the early numbers of "Vanity Fair," that she soon banished it from her shelves, and never enjoyed the immortal description of Amelia folding the red sash before the battle of Waterloo. She sternly rebuked Thackeray for "his frittered life, and his obedience to the call of the great." He never could have known, she asserted, a good or sensible woman. Miss Mitford found him "all cynicism, with an affectation of fashionable experience." "I have no affinities," ...ejoinedly declared Catherine Sedgwick, "with ...his sagacity—no great admiration for this detective ...detecting poison."

ANOTHER VIEW.

But all critics did not write in that strain. The "North British Review" took up the cudgels for Thackeray, pertinently inquiring "why we call ourselves miserable sinners on Sunday, if we are to abuse Mr. Thackeray on weekdays for making us out somewhat less than saints?" American critics too, were generally more discerning. Lowell compared each of Thackeray's novels to "a Dionysius ear through which we hear the world talking." Emerson with high remarked, "We must renounce ideals and accept London." It was Mr. Stoddard who paid the finest compliment. "Thackeray could not have written 'Vanity Fair' unless Eden had been shining brightly before his eyes."

AN IDEAL RAILWAY.

The wails of the holiday-maker born of our trains and train services send one's thoughts to a happier land where travellers' wails seem to be unknown, where the railways of the Dutchman bring satisfaction in their train. Here, for instance, is the appreciation of "A Wanderer in Holland": "The Dutch railways are admirable. The trains come in to the minute and go out to the minute. The officials are intelligent and polite. The carriages are good. It is impossible to travel in the wrong train. It is very difficult not to get out at the right station. The fares are very reasonable. The stationmasters are the only active and tangible members of the Dutch aristocracy. The disposition of one's luggage is very simple. The time-tables are models of clarity."

A NEW ROUTE UP MONT BLANC.

Mr. F. H. Burlingham, in the "Graphic," calls attention to a new route up Mont Blanc. It is up a buttress known as the Montague de la Cote, and has been constructed by the Club Alpin Francais at ...y expense. The path starts from the village of ...ons, in the valley of Chamonix, and is accessible ...miles as far as the Chalet des Pyramides, which ...looks the Plateau Superieur of the Glacier des ...ons, after which the path zigzags up to the ...p backbone of the mountain, following it almost ...ts ice-fields above.

LA GRANDE SARAH.

...s we are to be privileged to see Sarah Bernhardt ...n next month in London, the "Living Picture" ...ich Mr. Charles Dawbarn has contributed to ...new "Pall Mall Magazine" will be perused with ...rest. The writer describes a luncheon which had "chez Sarah": "You know, I am old," Madame very suddenly. The alert and expressive face, crowned with the aureole of Titian hair, denied the truth of birthday books and ...r damaging publications. But, like bishops ...judges, actresses have no age—especially ...strious actresses. "I have not lost my ...loisse," she continued in a note of triumph; ...am constantly renewing myself by doing new ...gs. That is the secret of youth; the secret of ...nature. The artist must strike out into new ...s, refusing to allow himself to be bound. He ...s not always play the same role." Asking question, Can La Divine Sarah be considered an actress such as there never was? the writer ...his article "intimates" answers it by saying that ...hardt is more than an actress and a great personality She is the Superwoman.

BERNHARDT AND HER BRITISH FELLOW-ARTISTS.

We have always been grateful to the famous ...nch actress for her generous appreciation of English ...atrical art and acting. She spoke to Mr. Daw...rn about some of our artists of note. Forbes Robert...n seemed to her to be both actor and artist. Eilen ...ry, what sensibility and power of expression were ...rs, now great an interpreter of the sublime Shak...peare! And then Tree and Wyndham and Hawtrey ...d Alexander, how admirable they were—the one ...Shakespearian plays, the other in social comedy; ...to English audiences they "are so loyal that is ...eir wonderful characteristic. Once you have con...ered a place in their affections you keep it 'pour ...jours."

THE GREAT NORTHERN DIAMOND JUBILEE.

The Great Northern Railway has just completed ...sixtieth year. It was on August 8,1850, the "Railway Magazine" states, that the public opening ...f the railway took place, and the first Great North...n train left London for the North. Previously, ...is true, a part of the Lincolnshire section of the ...dertaking had already been started; but the traffic ...here was entirely local and it was on the date mentioned above that the Great Northern Railway ...really took up its position as one of the leading ...runk lines of the country. As it stands to-day, the Great Northern system ranks as one of the great ...ailways in the British Isles, tapping almost every ...own of importance in the Northern, Midland, and Eastern Counties.

THE GENESIS OF THE RAILWAY.

The genesis of the Great Northern Railway was ...n the general desire to secure direct railway communication between London and York. As far back ...as the early "forties" it was possible to journey from London to York by train, but the journey was via Rugby and Derby and the London and Birmingham and Midland Railways. That route was too circuitous to last long, and soon there were several schemes in the field for making a direct line from London to York and the North. An amalgamation of the rival schemes followed, and the Great Northern Railway received its Act of Incorporation in 1846. The opening from London, as stated, took place in 1850, and at first the trains ran via Peterborough, Boston, and Lincoln. But in 1852 the direct main line through Grantham was opened.

THE EAST COAST ROUTE.

At the present day the service of trains on the Great Northern East Coast route are, according to the authority quoted, probably the finest series of long-distance trains in the world. Through carriages run from London to Edinburgh (Waverley), Glasgow (Queen-street), Aberdeen, Perth, Inverness, Dundee, Fort William, and the West Highlands and to a host of other towns. Between the two capitals, London and Edinburgh, there are seven through trains daily by the East Coast Route, while to all the other chief towns of Scotland there is a correspondingly generous service. In the near future it is believed that the Great Northern will be united with the Great Central and Great Eastern Railway; and "the great new system built up of three of England's chief railways will worthily uphold the reputation of the Great Northern Railway."

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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

THE WRITER OF ROMANCE.

In life the inn is a place of rest and refreshment, and the word as a rule calls up cheerful associations. It is so to a certain extent in literature also. One has pleasant associations with Chaucer's and Longfellow's inns, and the high jinks of Prince Hal and his companions keep the memory of the tavern at Eastcheap ever green. In literature, however, there has sometimes been a tendency to make the inn a place of peril and sinister adventure. One remembers for the example, the treacherous inns of the stories of one's boyhood. Some traveller who had won heavily at the gaming tables would betake himself to rest, but, unable to sleep, would become aware by and by that either the solid canopy of his bed had begun silently and slowly to descend on him so that soon he would be smothered or, alternatively, like that of Philipson in "Anne of Geierstein," the bed was sinking into the floor that he might be quietly despatched in the cellar. That in fiction, and especially in romantic fiction, there should be fights in inns was inevitable. The writer of romance has a way of sending his hero on a journey, and as a hero's chief work is fighting, and as the only place where he can put up at night is an inn, the inevitable happens—the inn becomes the scene of his swordplay. Such incidents have happened in life, if the story of Maurice de Saxe is true. That prince, it will be remembered, once threw himself and his handful of men into an inn, entrenched himself in the second floor, and, after destroying the stairway, stood a five hours siege against overwhelming odds. It may be fiction, and certainly the men's boring holes through the floor and firing into the crowded chambers below and loading with nails and bent coins when their ammunation gave out look like picturesque details.

THE ABERFOYLE INN.

In that case the incident belongs to that one of two classes into which it is possible to divide such occurrences in which the reader's interest is focussed upon the fighting. To the other class, that in which his interest is fixed on the phases of human nature that the fighting calls out, belongs the episode in the inn at the clachan of Aberfoyle in "Rob Roy." The circumstances that the, Bailie, on finding his sword rusted into his scabbard, snatches up the red-hot coulter and sets his foe on fire with it is indeed a bit of an incident, but it is the local colour, the proud ire of the Highlandmen, the Bailie's caution and the Englishman's phlegm in the face of danger, that give the combat its place in the story. The humour which in this passage of Scott is dry and quiet becomes loud and high in the quarrel in "Joseph Andrews" which culminates in the landlady emptying over the head of Parson Adams the blood intended for hog's puddings. It is the interplay of the characters even more than the incident that counts, although the interest of the incident also is brought out in that illustration of of Cruikshank's in which we see the person in his tattered cassock wiping the blood out of his eyes and Mistress Slipslop punching the landlady's head with her fists in the finest way in the world. On the other hand, it is on the danger and the fighting that the attention is fixed in the chapter of "The Cloister and the Hearth" which tells how Gerard and Denys of Burgundy at the top of the stairs sustain the attacks of the robbers from below. The note of horror is perhaps struck too strongly. Not everyone can stomach the corpse being lashed to the chair and its face smeared with phosphorus to terrify the aggressors, nor the white hand being pinned to the door-post by the bolt of the crossbowman and then topped off at the wrist by his companion's sword. Nevertheless, this instance of a fight in an inn is perhaps unexcelled in romantic fiction. And with writers of romance the fight in the inn remains a "property." In Mr. Smith's latest book, "Fortune" there is one, while in "Clementina"—and has Mr. Mason done anything much better than "Clementina"?—there are no fewer than four, and yet the four are so admirably differentiated that the reader is hardly conscious of repetition.

"EVERYMAN'S LIBRARY."

Mr. Rhys continues to give evidence of the truth of the conviction which every Englishman holds—that the literature of his country is almost infinitely rich and varied. He has issued the prospectus of the next batch of books, which, when published will bring the number of volumes in "Everyman's Library" up to five hundred. Two items among many others are worth commenting on. One is a reprint of Sir Thomas More's "Dialogue of Comfort against Tribulation." This, like Boethius's once famous work, was composed during imprisonment, not for the writer's own consolation—for Roper's "Life" exhibits. More as manifesting in the Tower a spirit august, saintly, and heroic almost above what one would believe possible to man,—but for the consolation of his wife and children. The "Dialogue" purported to have been first written in Latin by a Hungarian, then translated into French, and now finally translated from the French into English. The manuscript lies in Corpus Christi, Oxford. It was first printed by Tottel in 1553, and again in 1573 by John Fowler at Antwerp, and in 1847 it appeared in "The Catholic Library." It is now "reprinted in attainable form for the first time." The other items is a volume, "The Pilgrim Fathers," edited by Mr. Masefield. It is a collection of tracts and narratives relating to the sailing of the Mayflower and the founding of New England. It is true that the ground had been gone over before. In 1897 Mr. Arber edited "The story of the Pilgrim Fathers, 1606-23, as told by themselves, their friends and their enemies, edited from the original texts." Much work has been done upon the period since, however, by American historians, and Mr. Arber himself felt that to be complete his work ought to have been brought down to 1628 or 1630. A new selection of documents covering the whole period will be welcomed by many, because nowadays even amateurs are interested in the raw material out of which history is spun.

"QUIET DAYS IN SPAIN."

Some of the papers in Quiet Days in Spain by C. Bogue Luffmann have already been published in the "Melbourne Age," and the cosmopolitan outlook throughout is of the travelled and cultivated Australian variety. The author says modestly that his plan for knowing cities is first to walk all round them and then to climb their high towers, but we see that he also studies the people intimately both in town and country. He travels third class "to get more animal heat, save money, and know the delights of good company"; he eats in native restaurants, conversing freely with men, women, and children; he lives, wherever possible, in humble Spanish families, making friends, and not hesitating, if necessary, to make enemies. All over Spain he preferred the small towns and villages (Madrid is not even mentioned), jogging on sadly or merrily as he listed, never hurrying, and always using novel or at least unconventional glasses. He meets the Spaniard much as Edward Lear did the Greek and the Corsican in those days given to the world again in his landscape painter's diaries. Though an ardent lover of Spain and the Spanish, Mr. Luffmann gives no quarter as to dirt, laziness, cruelty to animals, and bad government. On the other hand, he praises highly the Spaniard's philosophic calm, his proper pride, and his indifference to money and food (speaking generally, for the unscrupulous greedy "hustler" exists and flourishes in Spain as elsewhere). The 4,000ft. high shrine of Montserrat gets a chapter to itself, one that we could wish longer. The same may be said of the Murcian episodes with Rosario and Manuela. On the crushing taxation system the author is eloquent. "From three to five hundred men are employed in sitting round and levying taxes on a town of 100,000 souls; and practically all the money collected is divided among the tax-gatherers!" Surely here is the root-cause of Spanish want of enterprise.

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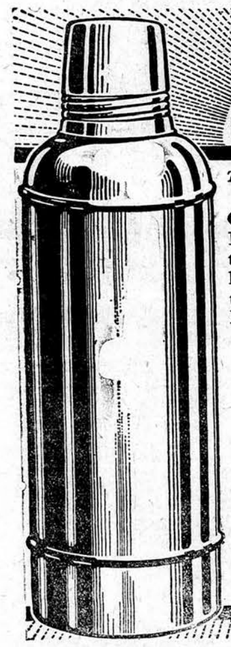

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5th F. Erle	... Benz	...	On "CONTINENTALS"
6th A. Paul	... Adler	...	On "CONTINENTALS"
8th A. Henney	... Benz	...	On "CONTINENTALS"
9th G. Gunther	... Presto	...	On "CONTINENTALS"

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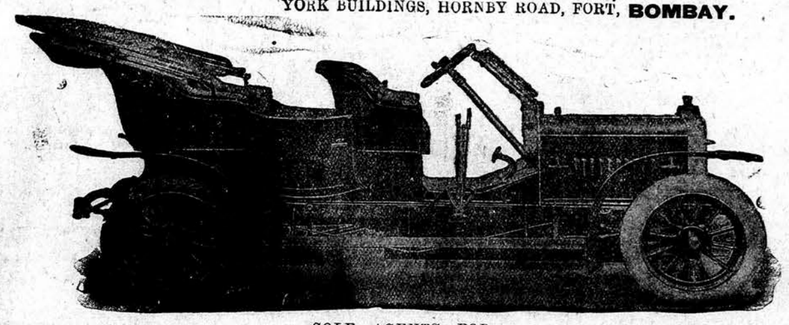

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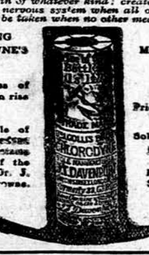

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